

New Oxford Item.

H. I. SMITH, EDITOR.

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PROFESSIONAL CAFES.

WM. MCCLELLAN, WM. ARCH MCLEAN
Late Pres. Judge.
WM. & WM. ARCH, McCLELLAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Of-
fice west side of Baltimore street, third
door from Centre Square.

J. L. BUTT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Of-
fice with J. A. Kitzmiller, on second floor of pa-
per building on Baltimore street. Prompt at-
tention given to settlement of estates of de-
ceased, annuities, etc.; also, to conveying, liens
and collections.

J. A. KITZMILLER,

Successor to H. R. Woods, Esq. ATTORNEY
AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has moved his
office to the second story of Spang's build-
ing, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., recently
occupied by H. R. Woods, Esq. Will attend to
collections and all other business entrusted to
him.

G. J. BENNER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office
on Baltimore street, in rooms formerly occu-
pied by Dr. Brennenman's Drug Store.

WM. P. QUIMBY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa.
Office with Hon. David Wills, southeast corner of
the Diamond. 12seu190.

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Attention given to Pension claims under
Act of June 27, 1890, and all other acts, and
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ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Penna.
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attended to. Office on Baltimore street, with
S. McSwope, Esq., opposite the Court house.

WM. MCSHERRY, JR.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Adams
county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly at-
tend to all legal business entrusted to him.
Office opposite the court-house.

S. S. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office
on York street, next door to Gettysburg Nat-
ional Bank. 18seu191.

THE ITEM,
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excelled in the county. A investment
of a small sum in an advertisement in
its columns will bring in big returns.
Try it and be convinced of its merits.

HOTELS.

EAGLE HOTEL, New Oxford,
GEORGE SUNDAY,
Proprietor. One thoroughly refitted and re-
furnished. The bar stocked with choice wines,
liquors and cigars, while the table will be sup-
plied with the choicest delicacies the market af-
fords. Ample stabling. 24Jan90.

NATIONAL HOUSE, East Berlin,
WM. SUNDAY, Proprietor.
Permanent and transient boarding at reasonable
rates. Bar stocked with choice wines, liquors
and cigars. Extensive stabling and an attentive
hostler. 22Jan90.

CENTRAL HOTEL, Gettysburg,
Second floor from Court House.
Having purchased, remodeled and refitted the
above well known Central Hotel, take pleasure
in asking you to call and give me a trial.
Special rates to jurors and persons attending
court. Satisfaction guaranteed, as I am con-
fident that you will again patronize me after
giving me a trial. Table supplied with all the
market affords. Respectfully,
JAMES O. McCAVITT, Prop'r.

Hotel Columbus, McSherrystown,
J. H. McMASTER, Proprietor.
Newly furnished throughout. First class in
every respect. Convenient to all business
places. Large sample rooms, good stabling
and an attentive hostler. Moderate charges.

NATIONAL HOTEL, Littlestown,
Geo. W. Riddle of J. Proprietor.
At the Railroad, on Baltimore street. First-
class in every respect. Convenient to all the
business places. Large sample rooms. Good
stabling and attentive hostler. Moderate rates.

Go to
Geo. A. Klingel's
BARBER SHOP!
For a clean shave and a good Hair Cut. Raz-
ors honed and shaved at the lowest price.
Shop on Hanover street, next to O. A. Smith's
music store.

HELP! HELP! HELP!
Having purchased the Eagle Hotel Barber
Shop, I would be pleased to have all persons de-
siring
AN EASY SHAVE
and a good hair cut, to give me a call. Razors
honed and shaved at the lowest price. Shop
N. E. Angle Centre Square, between Item office
and Eagle Hotel.
HARRY KEHN,
BARBER.
14sep94.

Neatly Printed and Bound
BLANK RECEIPTS
for sale cheap at this office.

DUKES' SLAYER DYING.

A Kansas Tragedy Recalls Two Pennsylvania Murders.

ATLANTON, Kan., Feb. 6.—Jim Nutt, made famous for killing Lawyer M. L. Dukes, in Uniontown, Pa., over a decade ago, because he seduced Miss Nutt, is dying from wounds inflicted yesterday by Mrs. John Payton, who committed the act after Nutt, in a drunken rage, had fatally shot her. Neither can live. Leonard Coleman, a hired man, who attempted to save Mrs. Payton's life, is lying seriously wounded, having received a bullet from Nutt's revolver, but will recover. The crime was most horrible and unprovoked. The prominence of the families makes it most sensational.

The Nutts and Dukes were at one time prominent politicians in Pennsylvania, while Coleman, who is 27 years of age, originally came from New York, where he was well known. Fourteen years ago M. L. Dukes, then a prominent lawyer in Uniontown, Pa., seduced Miss Nutt, and killed her father in an encounter arising out of this. He was acquitted on a plea of self defense, and was then killed by James Nutt, the girl's brother, who was in turn acquitted on a plea of emotional insanity. The trial created a great sensation at the time.

Shortly afterwards young Nutt moved to Kansas, to where his present farm is situated, and married his mother's farm. He was considered a good citizen, and became prosperous. Until two years ago the Paytons worked for Nutt, living on his farm. The relations became strained, however, and the Payton family, consisting of the parents and five children, rented a farm eight miles from Nutt's place, from a Mrs. A. B. Bradbury.

Payton has been away from home most of the present winter cutting ice, during which time Nutt renewed his relations with the family. Nothing out of the way was discernable in his conduct, however, until he sauntered into the Payton household at a late hour under the influence of liquor. Payton was absent, and Coleman, the hired man, was the only other man on the premises. Nutt, who had been on a week's spree, was in no pleasant mood, and gruffly ordered Mrs. Payton to get him some supper. Mrs. Payton complied, and scented trouble, quietly got the children from the room. As he ate Nutt became more abusive toward Mrs. Payton and seemed to be becoming insane. When he had finished eating he deliberately drew his revolver, and pointing it at the now thoroughly frightened woman, cried: "I'm going to kill you."

Before she could make a move he carried his threat into effect, sending three bullets into her body. The shots attracted Coleman, who rushed into the house with an ax in his hand. The instant he entered Nutt leveled his weapon at him and fired. Two shots struck the would-be rescuer. He fell to the floor, and for a time lay unconscious in the blood that poured from his wounds.

At the same time Mrs. Payton, with a superhuman effort, roused herself from the floor and secured the ax. Nutt had sunk down, overcome by liquor, and was helpless. Rushing to where he lay the woman, with her own wound bleeding profusely and herself weak from loss of blood, rained blow after blow upon Nutt's head. Not until she was too weak to longer wield the ax did she desist. Then she sank to the floor and became unconscious.

Coleman first came to his senses, and found both Nutt and Mrs. Payton lying in great pools of blood. Tying Nutt to a chair, Coleman gave the alarm. When assistance arrived the woman was beyond help. Neither Mrs. Payton or Nutt are able to relate the story of the crime. Coleman is also in a bad way, but will recover. Nutt has been removed to Atchison.

The Nutt-Dukes Tragedy.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—The Nutt-Dukes tragedy, which is recalled by the Kansas killing, was the reigning sensation in Pennsylvania in 1881 and it gained national notoriety. Captain Nutt was assistant state treasurer and M. L. Dukes was a member of the legislature from Fayette county. Both lived in Uniontown. Dukes had been paying attention to Lizzie Nutt, and was engaged to marry her. In the spring of 1883 Dukes, as an excuse for breaking the engagement, wrote a letter to Captain Nutt, who was then in Harrisburg, which was offensive and improper, relating to Lizzie. On receipt of the letter Captain Nutt started for home to investigate the allegations made in the letter. He wrote to Dukes to meet him, but instead Dukes brought a revolver and kept out of the way of Captain Nutt. Finally Captain Nutt went to Dukes' office, and went there unarmed. Then the first tragedy occurred, Dukes alleging self defense.

Carelessness Costs Three Lives.

LOSANTVILLE, Ind., Feb. 6.—While several men were husking corn at Jacob Clapper's residence, five miles southwest of this place, using a husker run by an old thrashing machine engine, the boiler exploded and Nathan Taylor, Harvey Taylor and John Walker were killed. Jacob Clapper and Wilson Drake are dying. Harvey Williams was the only one of the six who escaped and he is badly bruised. The men were careless and neglected the machinery, cold water being injected into a dry and hot boiler.

THE NEW BOND ISSUE.

The Cabinet Still Discussing Prevailing Financial Distress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The cabinet was in session yesterday from before 10 o'clock until after 2:45. It is understood that almost the only subject of discussion was the pending bond issue. Several prominent New York bankers are here, among them Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, and while they have not seen either the president or Mr. Carlisle, it is understood that their views on the situation were conveyed to the president. No authoritative statement of the character of the cabinet discussion can be made, but it is believed that no final action has been determined upon.

It is understood that negotiations with representatives of London bankers are now in progress, with indications of an early consummation. There is no longer any expectation of a popular loan to be placed in this country, as in that event the experience of the last few months would be repeated, and the gold reserve again depleted. The purpose of the administration is, it is understood, to place the entire issue of bonds with London bankers, who would pay for them with London gold, and thus avoid, for the present at least, the necessity for paying out gold in exchange for legal tenders.

While no definite conclusion has been reached it is believed that the announcement of the sale of bonds will be made at an early day.

Chicago's Temperance Saloons.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—The first of the so-called home saloons was opened last night at 69 West Adams street. John A. Nichol and several ladies acted as assistants to the barkeeper, and one pretty miss played the piano while the temperance toppers drank. Several clergymen dropped in during the evening, took their drinks, sampled the free lunch and went out. F. P. Zelt, the chemist employed to invent harmless drinks, was on hand with several new samples. With five cent drinks soup and sandwiches are served. With ten cent drinks a meal is given. Papers and magazines are strewn about, and there are several checker and chess boards in this model saloon. Later on there will be a roof garden.

The Tax Collector After Betty Green.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—President Barker, of the tax department, said today that the tax commissioners were making renewed efforts to tax the property of Mrs. Betty Green in this city. He declined to make public the amount of the property which the commissioners have assessed, but it is said that it includes \$40,000 of mortgages held by the Title Guarantee and Trust company, in addition to the \$1,250,000 mortgages on the Stewart building. The commissioners propose to tax Mrs. Green personally, in addition to levying an assessment against her husband. As the law holds a woman's residence to be where her husband resides, the commissioners expect to reach Mrs. Green in this manner.

An English Embezzler Arrested.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—James Matthew Keene, a young Englishman, and his wife Kate were arrested at the Hotel Marlborough, in this city, yesterday on a cable dispatch from Liverpool, England. Keene was accused in the dispatch of having embezzled \$2,000. It is said that Keene confessed his guilt. He said that he had been employed as assistant cashier by the firm of Elder, Dempster & Co., and on Jan. 10 last took \$2,000 and fled. He was induced to steal to cover his losses at buccarat. All the property the pair had in their possession was confiscated, including a tin box containing \$5,000 in gold. Keene said he was about to start for South America, where was to engage in coffee raising.

A Cleveland Heroine.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 2.—A frail wooden dwelling house, occupied as a hospital, caught fire yesterday, and almost before the terrible situation could be realized four lives were destroyed by the flames. It was the Deaconess hospital, a branch of the Christian Institute, of Chicago, established last October in a two and a half story house on Jennings avenue. In it were twelve patients, four nurses and four laundry girls. All escaped except Jacob Krause, a cripple, 60 years old; Samuel Almyer, 59; Walter Clark, an 8-months-old foundling; and Minnie Baumer, a nurse, aged 22. Miss Baumer might easily have escaped, but refused to leave Almyer, her patient.

One Way of Making Evidence.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 6.—Patrolman Roth was swearing in court that he had found policy slips and drawings in the home of his prisoner, Henry Stockman, when he was interrupted by Patrolman Rochefort, who cried out: "Hold on; that's not right. I saw you take those slips from your right hand side pocket and put them under the books where you claim to have found them. I will not perjure myself to make a creditable record for you." Patrolmen Roth and Rochefort were specially detailed a few weeks ago to institute a policy crusade.

Carlisle's Estimate Conservative.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Treasury officials generally express the opinion that Secretary Carlisle's estimate of a surplus of \$22,500,000 for the calendar year 1895 is conservative. It is argued that the customs duty on sugar alone should bring in at least \$5,000,000 during the next eleven months, and that the revenue from the income tax is likely to reach \$20,000,000.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 6.—The weather in this section was intensely cold yesterday. At Glen Summit, on the Wilkes-barre mountain, the thermometer registered 20 degrees below zero.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 6.—John Butzkowski yesterday pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree, and was remanded for sentence. The prisoner killed a fellow countryman named Yanolevitch in a quarrel.

MCKEESPORT, Pa., Feb. 4.—An early morning fire destroyed the Hotel Columbia, Warren's wholesale commission house and a three story brick dwelling. The fire started in the kitchen of the hotel and spread so rapidly that the guests were compelled to leave in their night clothes. One man, whose name is not known, the register having been destroyed, is missing, and is believed to have been burned. The total loss is estimated at \$65,000.

SHAMONIN, Pa., Feb. 4.—As the climax to a feud between Anthony and Martin Cuiski and August Fritz, of Mt. Carmel, the first named was on Saturday thrown down by Fritz, who deliberately gouged out both the victim's eyes with the barrel of a revolver. Cuiski is now in a very critical condition and his assailant is in the county jail at Sunbury. Fritz was ejected from the Cuiski brothers' saloon recently, and this was his revenge.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 6.—The Prohibitionists expect to make an aggressive campaign in Pennsylvania this year for state treasurer. Chairman Patton, of the state committee, is arranging for a series of meetings. This city was recently fixed upon by the state committee as the place for holding the state convention on June 6, but an effort is being made by the party leaders in western Pennsylvania to have it taken to Pittsburg, and the chances are that they will succeed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 2.—The police are looking for Alexander Vankarke, a Slav, who on Tuesday night last murdered his 16-months' old son. The child was restless in its cradle, and the father was ill and wanted to sleep. After several efforts to quiet the child he left his bed and, seizing the boy, dashed his brains out on a stove. The next day he had it quietly interred in the Plymouth cemetery. The wife yesterday gave the information against her husband.

BINTON, Pa., Feb. 4.—The explosion of a barrel of alcohol at the works of the Westinghouse Electric company killed one man, fatally wounded another and injured others, so that two may die. The dead man is John Dugan, 30 years old, married, lived in Pittsburg, on Sixteenth street. James Long was fatally hurt and William Purdy was seriously injured and may die; John O'Keefe, 40 years old, married, who lives near Brinton, had an arm, leg and his back broken and may die; A. Duffy, married, who lives near Brinton, had his ribs and legs fractured and burned. The explosion was caused by Dugan lighting a match to discover the mark on the barrel.

Fifty Miners Killed in France.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—An explosion of fire-damp is reported from Montceau Les Mines, Department of Saone et Loire. Fire broke out in the St. Eugene pit, and while the miners were fighting this fire an explosion occurred which wrecked the galleries and entombed the miners. The rescue party thus far has recovered twenty-one bodies and has removed from the ruins eight terribly injured miners. It is believed that fifty persons perished in the disaster.

Father and Son Burned to Death.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—Frederick D. Miller and his 6-year-old son were burned to death at their house on Second avenue. Fire was discovered in the kitchen at midnight. Miller, his wife, children and a hired man ran to the front of the building. On the way Mrs. Miller lost the boy, and her husband returned to find him. Mrs. Miller, one child and the man escaped by jumping into blankets from the second story windows. After the fire Miller and the boy were found lying on the floor of the bedroom dead.

Row in the National House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—During a discussion in the national house yesterday Mr. Breckinridge of Kentucky and Mr. Heard of Missouri indulged in vigorous personalities which finally resulted in the Kentuckian striking Heard. Then friends interfered, and then both were brought to the bar of the house and censured, and subsequently each apologized to the house and to each other, ending the incident by shaking hands.

Priests Must Not Hide Bicycles.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 6.—The Rev. Father Sylvester Jurek, pastor of the Church of the Sacred Heart, this city, has received a letter from Rome, in which he is informed that the holy father disapproves of Roman Catholic priests riding bicycles. The letter was in reply to one written to the pope by Father Sylvester, seeking guidance upon the subject.

The Suffering in Nebraska.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Feb. 6.—D. C. Harrison, of Knapton, Holt county, Neb., is here soliciting aid for drought sufferers. He says there are eighteen families in that section on the verge of starvation. A Mrs. Pearson, living north of Emporia, died the other day, and it is almost certain she starved to death.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, Jan. 31.

Crawford Crosby, alias Cherokee Bill, Bill Cook's successor, was captured at Novata, I. T.

Peter Olson, his wife and three children, together with a hired man, were burned to death at their home near Sterling, N. D.

John M. Thurston, the new senator from Nebraska, arrived in Washington last night, and is staying at the Arlington hotel.

Near Birmingham, Ala., Wiley Clements and Joshua Hughes, mine bosses, were fatally shot by Bud Jones, a discharged negro miner. Jones escaped.

Senator Harris introduced in the national senate a bill to retire Supreme Court Justice Jackson, probably on account of the latter's ill health.

Friday, Feb. 1.

The noted society leader of New York and Newport, Ward McAllister, died at his New York residence, aged 64.

Five robbers held up a train on the Southern Pacific road near Wilcox, Ariz., and escaped with \$50,000 to \$75,000.

George M. Grant had both legs cut off and his son William lost an arm while crossing railroad tracks at Jersey City.

Judge E. Rockwood Hoar, ex-congressman and brother of Senator Hoar, died at his residence in Concord, Mass., aged 79.

While endeavoring to save her year-old twins from a fire in her Philadelphia home, Mrs. Singlinger and the babes were burned to death.

There has been a desperate battle between government troops and rebels in Colombia. The rebels were repulsed after 200 of them were killed.

Saturday, Feb. 2.

At Fresno, Cal., yesterday, Directly lowered his pacing record to 2.07 1/2.

Baltimore's grand jury indicted street railroad companies for neglect to provide safety fenders.

Rev. S. M. Brown, a Baptist minister at a Sunday school convention at Kansas City, Mo., declared that the Sunday school had outlived its usefulness.

At Lincoln, Neb., Judge Dundy quashed fifteen indictments recently found against ex-Congressman C. D. Dorsey for his part in wrecking the Ponca National bank. The remaining indictment charges false entries.

Monday, Feb. 4.

Samuel A. Miller, of Louisville, at Asheville, N. C., while suffering with cholera, threw himself beneath a train and was killed.

Mme. Joinaux was convicted of poisoning three relatives at Antwerp, Belgium, to secure insurance money, and sentenced to life imprisonment.

To get his governorship case in court, Captain Kolb, of Alabama, will pardon a condemned murderer, and if the sheriff ignores it the courts will be appealed to.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani is under arrest at Honolulu for alleged complicity in the recent uprising. Dynamite was found in her house. She will probably be banished.

While a Mr. Daniel was out riding with Rachel Howard at Brenham, Tex., he was shot and killed by Jackson Howard, the husband of Rachel. The woman was fatally wounded.

Tuesday, Feb. 5.

There is terrible destitution among farmers in Kansas and Oklahoma, and aid is greatly needed.

At Cullman, Ala., eleven leading citizens are on trial for murder for lynching John and Monroe Evans.

A "Lexow" crusade has started in Omaha, Neb. It is stated that several policemen are worth from \$50,000 to \$100,000. The London Times announces the death in that city of Mr. Ralph O. Ruby, American vice and deputy consul at Belfast, Ireland.

By the explosion of a boiler in an ice house at Providence, R. I., Patrick and John Behr and Michael Davy were instantly killed.

Wednesday, Feb. 6.

The National Farmers' Alliance is in session at Raleigh, N. C.

Reports from all sections show that the present cold snap is the most severe of the season.

The steamer La Gascogne has not yet arrived at New York, and there is increasing anxiety.

A reconciliation is being arranged between Prince and Princess Colonna by Mrs. Mackay, the princess' mother.

Fire in Utica, N. Y., last night caused property loss amounting to \$105,000. The severe cold caused great suffering among the firemen.

Kentucky's Brutal Boy Murderer.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 6.—Near Latonia, Ky., while at school, Richard Perry, murdered his cousin, William Perry, with a baseball bat. Both were pupils, and both aged 17. Their parents live on adjoining farms and there has been a family feud between their fathers, who are brothers, for years. The children who witnessed the assault testify to it being an exceptionally cold blooded murder.

M. Rochefort's Triumph.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—M. Henri Rochefort, editor-in-chief of the Socialiste-Republicain journal, L'Intransigeant, who returns to France under the act of amnesty adopted last week, after having been in exile since 1893, arrived in Paris yesterday. He was greeted by cheering thousands.

The darkness and the silence lie
Between your soul and mine,
Like some great river rolling by
Beneath a night of stormy sky,
Where not a star may shine.

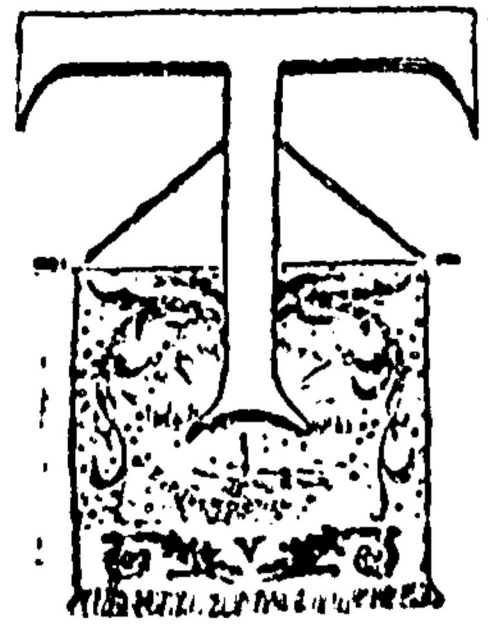
But, as beneath the sullen brine
Twist lands of kindred speech,
There runs a slender, living line
O'er which there flash, by lightning sign,
The thoughts of each to each,

So, 'neath the parting flood of death
There runs a living line
Of steadfast memory and faith,
Of love not born for mortal breath,
Between your soul and mine!

—Samantha W. Shoup, in Independent.

AS IN A LOOKING GLASS.

SCENE.—Boudoir and toilet of a society belle. The belle, who, besides being very beautiful, is still young and fresh, is seated in front of her dressing table under the hands of her maid, who is preparing her hair for the night. On the dressing table are a mirror and various articles of the toilet.



THE Maid—"Mademoiselle was a great triumph to-night; no?"

The Belle (abstractedly)—"Yes, Celeste, I think so."

The Maid (with pride)—"The men all fall down and adore mademoiselle; no?"

The Belle—"No, not all the men. Some of them. Enough of them. (Sighing). Too many of them."

The Maid—"That is good. Mademoiselle has embarrassment of choice."

The Belle—"Yes, an embarrassment of choice. You speak truly, Celeste. (Sighing again). It is that which makes me—but, hah! why think of it all? I suppose it is the experience of all girls like me in society, with a fortune, a face and a facile tongue. There! That will do for to-night, Celeste; I am going to sit up for a little. I may read and I may write, I cannot say."

The Maid (horried)—"But mademoiselle has already lost so much of the beauty sleep."

The Belle—"I am restless. Besides, if all be true that men have told me to-night, I do not need it. Good night, Celeste."

The Maid—"Good night, mademoiselle!" (Exit maid).

The Belle (alone)—"Five proposals in one night. That is, counting one that I suppose does not—ought not to count. Four of them at any rate such as a girl in her second season should jump at. As for the fifth—well, I won't think of it, I mean, if I can help it I won't. Yet—but what nonsense! Let me review the others. First came old Tottlerly. Sixty years old he said he was. He is eighty, if he is a day. Worth four millions, he said. That part is probably true. But, oh! Let us pass on to the next. Philip Egerton Denning, the writer and thinker; the literary lion of the season. Funny he should fancy me. I like him, too, myself. I cannot help admiring his intellect, and I feel that I should always respect him. Yet—(muses several minutes, then sighs). Who next? Oh, yes. (Laughing heartily). I must not forget him. Lord Taffaut, the latest British importation, who did me the honor to offer me, with a monocle in one fishy eye, his title, his mortgaged estates and the family tree that, in its time, has borne an abundance of just such overripe fruit as he is. And for what? My youth, beauty, and money. Nonsense. Next. Ahem! The same thing, in a measure, only of our own manufacture. Tracy de Puyster Van Treffer, of the most cerulean of blue blooded Knickerbocker stock. Truly our country has reached a wonderful height in her industries when she can turn out anything so nearly like the English article, even to his morals, as Tracy de Puyster Van Treffer! 'There they are, all of them, labelled to the best possible advantage. All—except Jack. Poor Jack! Well, I might as well list him. Jack Willoughby. Something down town. Poor as a church mouse, handsome as Apollo, and true as steel. Ah, well! (sighing) I suppose I must not think of him. It is lucky, though, that some one interrupted us when he proposed, or I might have said yes. I was overcome with the heat of the ball room; and when he put his arm around me, and whisperingly begged for an answer, I felt so weak, for the moment, that I don't think I should have had strength to refuse him. But somebody came, somebody always does, and I suppose I am safe. I promised them all an answer in a week. An embarrassment of choice, Celeste said, (closes her eyes and thinks.)"

A half hour or more passes, during which the belle appears to sleep. Suddenly she opens her eyes.

The Belle—"I must have slept. But nothing in my dreams seemed to offer me any help. Oh, dear! Is there anything or anybody that can show me what to do?"

A voice—"There is."

The Belle (startled)—"Good gracious! What was that?"

A voice—"Don't be frightened. It was I."

The Belle (still more alarmed)—"But who are you? Where are you?"

A voice—"Your mirror."

The Belle—"But, good heavens! Mirrors cannot speak."

The Mirror—"Mirrors can do a great many more things than people give them credit for. We reflect; why should we not speak? That we can do so is proved by my talking to you now. I have listened to all you have thought and would help you."

The Belle (trembling)—"Was I thinking aloud?"

The Mirror—"No. But you cannot think and look into my face without every thought being known to me even though I may not reveal what is in your mind. I want to help you to decide your future. Are you willing, that I should?"

The Belle—"You mean with regard to—"

The Mirror (blandly)—"I mean with regard to the five proposals you received to-night."

The Belle (after a pause)—"Which shall I accept?"

The Mirror—"That I may not tell you. I can simply help you to judge for yourself."

The Belle (anxiously)—"How can you do that?"

The Mirror—"By showing you yourself, your surroundings and your condition of mind, five years after your marriage with any one of your would-be husbands of this evening."

The Belle—"Oh, dear! This is worse than chiro-mancy. Wouldn't it—eh—wouldn't it be wicked?"

The Mirror—"Not so wicked as it would be to marry the wrong man."

The Belle—"I suppose that must be true. Well, what must I do?"

The Mirror—"First, turn down the gas. Then place yourself facing me, and light the spirit lamp of your curling-iron apparatus. Now, take some of your pearl face powder, sprinkle it on the flame, and wait. (She does so. The surface of the mirror becomes heavily clouded). Which would you see first?"

The Belle (laughing hysterically)—"Oh, take them in their regular order."

The Mirror—"Then, Mr. Tottlerly, the eighty-year-old millionaire, first. What can you see? Speak!" (The cloud on the face of the mirror gradually clears in the centre, disclosing a picture.)

The Belle (in a low voice)—"I see myself, handsomely dressed, covered with jewels, at an evening reception. Many men are around me offering me attentions. For some reason I dare not accept them. In a corner, jealously watching me, I see Mr. Tottlerly. He scowls every time a man pays me a compliment. Everything is bright around me, but the very brightness seems to weary me, and remind me of something lacking."

The Mirror (grimly)—"Are you happy?"

The Belle (shuddering)—"No. Although bored to death where I am, I dread to go home, because I shall be alone with him, my husband. I see nothing but despair and waiting, constant waiting for release." (Picture vanishes).

The Mirror—"You will not forget that. Now look upon this. (Again a picture forms). What do you see?"

The Belle—"I see myself again, but alone. I have been reading, but have tired of it. There is something I want to do, something I want to feel, but I cannot. In a little room nearby I see Philip Egerton Denning, my literary, intellectual husband. He is very busy, writing. In my utter loneliness, I get up and go to him. Stooping over, I gently kiss him on the brow. He frowns, pushes me away, and tells me I destroy his ideas. I sign, turn away, and go to bed."

The Mirror (ironically)—"Are you happy?"

The Belle (bitterly)—"No. All the warmth in my heart is gradually being frozen by the cold indifference of the man I have married. He is too brainy to lavish any affections on his wife; his growing fame is more important than domestic ties. Show me the next."

The Mirror—"Well, what see you here?"

The Belle—"Another reception. I am sitting alone, however, utterly ignored by the many women present except in the way of an occasional supercilious glance at my gown, or a whisper to some one else about me behind a fan. I think it must be in England. Some of the women have red noses, and they all look tired and bored to death."

The Mirror—"It is. It is the fifth year of your reign as Lady Taffaut."

The Belle—"I see myself moving into another room where everybody is playing cards. His Lordship, my husband, is there, gambling like the rest. I tell him I do not feel well and would like to go home. He advises me to go home alone or amuse myself in the conservatory. He says there is too much of his money on the table to go then. He means my money. I have seen enough of this."

The Mirror (mockingly)—"Are you happy?"

The Belle (sadly)—"No, but I am gradually becoming deadened to my misery."

The Mirror (as a new picture appears)—"Now you are Mrs. Tracy de Puyster Van Treffer, a member of the native aristocracy of New York. Can you see yourself?"

The Belle—"Yes. I see myself once

more alone. The room is handsomely furnished; everything looks rich and good. But I am waiting anxiously and listening intently. At every sound I get up and look through the blinds into the dark night. At last, as dawn is breaking, a cab drives up; I hear it. A few minutes afterward my husband enters the room. He scolds me in a thick voice for remaining up. A quarrel ends in my bursting into tears. He stoops over me to kiss me and I nearly faint with nausea."

The Mirror—"Are you happy?"

The Belle (fiercely)—"No. I am humiliated by his neglect, disgusted with his manner of life, and harassed with constant suspicion. I am utterly wretched."

The Mirror (slyly)—"There is only one more picture. Do you want to see it?"

The Belle (confusedly)—"Yes, I suppose I may as well. It is probably like all the rest."

The Mirror (as the last picture appears)—"Then behold! And tell what you see."

The Belle (very softly)—"I see myself again. I am sitting in front of a cosy fire of soft coal, sewing something light. Near me is—near me is—yes, it is Jack. Mr. Willoughby. I mean. He is talking to me very gayly, and I am smiling and listening. Now the door opens and two children come bounding into the room; a boy and a girl. They want to bid us good-night, they say. They look so much like Jack they might almost be—almost be—his nephew and niece."

The Mirror (gently)—"Are you happy?"

There is no answer from the belle, for she wakes up with a start.

The Belle (after looking earnestly at the mirror, which is as bright as crystal)—"I have been dreaming and it is nearly five o'clock. But I am not sorry. An embarrassment of choice, Celeste said. I thought so, too, but we were both young. I told her I might read and I might write. (Smiling.) Well, I have read a great deal; I think I will write a little. (Writes.)

My Dearest Jack: I don't think I will keep you waiting a week for my answer. I am yours as soon as you come to claim me. ETHEL.—Life.

WISE WORDS.

A rogue is a roundabout fool.

A full jail is better than an empty one.

Gossip is generally a desire to get even.

A drop of ink may make a million think.

It is a rare man who can do a favor delicately.

You seldom admire a man you see a great deal of.

Rank and riches are chains of gold, but still chains.

It is not hard to forgive a lie told with good intent.

One drop of scandal will spread over a whole life-time.

What we place most hopes upon generally proves most fatal.

Everything a man likes to do a woman can prove is wicked.

The man who knows the world and is not a cynic is usually a fool.

An evil intention perverts the best actions and makes them sins.

In the meanest hut is a romance, if you but knew the hearts there.

The fools are not all dead yet, and, what is more, they never will be.

Every human heart ought to be a bird cage with a singing bird in it.

Of all virtues justice is the best. Valor without it is a common pest.

The happiness of your life depends upon the character of your thoughts.

The wise man expects everything from himself; the fool looks to others.

The people pay more for love than for any other necessary evil on earth.

The more friends a business man has the more things he sells below cost.

The trouble with most people's economy is that they don't save any money by it.

The younger a woman is the more indignant she is when she hears of a bad husband.

It is all right to vote for the country's prosperity, but you must work for your own.

What is birth to a man if it be a stain to his dead ancestors to have left such an offspring?

A Remarkable Fall of Stone.

M. L. Fletcher, an English mineralogist, tells of a remarkable fall of stones which took place at some early date in the history of Mexico. He describes fourteen huge masses in all, and advances the very likely theory that they originally formed a single meteoric mass that was shattered by the intense heat engendered while passing through the earth's atmosphere. The fragments of this immense meteorite are scattered over a section of country sixty-six miles in length and twenty-two in width, and it is estimated that its total weight was but little short of 20,000 pounds. One piece of it, now in the National Museum at Washington.—Atlanta Constitution.

FOR ATLANTA'S BIG FAIR.

DISPLAY BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

It Will Be of Great Interest to Farmers and the General Public—Some of the Exhibits.

THE United States Department of Agriculture at Washington is preparing a very complete and interesting exhibit for the big fair at Atlanta in the latter part of 1895. It will include a completely equipped weather bureau station in full operation; also a complete collection of climatic and meteorological charts, photographs of clouds and lightning, etc. Lithographic weather maps will be printed daily at the exposition for general distribution.

The division of ornithology and mammalogy will exhibit pictures illustrating the geographic distribution of mammals and birds in the United States, and the habits of the various species in their relation to agriculture. The habits in question will be further shown by groups of animals known to be beneficial or harmful, each species handsomely mounted. For example, there will be five groups of ground squirrels, each of half a dozen animals, which will be seen engaged in their natural pursuits, ravaging grain fields, catching grasshoppers, etc.

There will be a number of groups of birds, each teaching important lessons in the economy of the species. One will show a number of cows in the cornfield, some pulling the new sprouted corn, others devouring grubs. There will be a small flock of cedar birds, feeding on the leaf beetles of the elm. They will form an attractive group and emphasize the usefulness of this bird.

The new division of agricultural soil will show some of the most important types of soils from different parts of the country, such as the adobe, the mesa and the soil of the blue grass region of Kentucky. It will exhibit soils that are especially adapted to certain crops, such as the early truck soils of the Atlantic coast, the soils adapted to the different kinds of tobacco, to cotton, to wheat. The constituent parts of these soils will be displayed in separate jars.

The division of forestry will exhibit specimens illustrating the botany of Southern forests, including seeds, leaves, flowers, etc., showing the character of the flora of the southeastern section of the United States. A special display will be made of the pines of the South from the botanical as well as from the commercial point of view; likewise of various methods of serpentine orcharding.

The division of botany will exhibit a reproduction of the new laboratory for testing seeds which has been established at the Department of Agriculture. There will be models of machinery for sowing, harvesting and cleaning seeds, also a sample collection of commercial seeds, a collection of weed seeds, a collection of seeds used in medicine, the arts, for oils and for food; likewise a collection illustrating the various methods by which seeds are dispersed in nature. There will be a collection of the commercial seeds produced in the South, and twenty of the worst weeds of the South will be represented by mounted specimens and photographs showing their distribution.

The division of microscopy will exhibit a collection of models illustrating edible and poisonous mushrooms. It will also show micro-photographs illustrating the structure of different kinds of cotton fibers.

The bureau of animal industry will show models illustrating various diseases of animals, photographs of bacterial disease germs highly magnified. Other models will present a quarantine station, the method of tagging cattle for interstate and export trade, the stock yards at Kansas City, and methods for preventing the spread of Texas fever. Models and natural history specimens will illustrate the development of the horse's foot and the disease to which it is subject.

The exhibit of the division of vegetable pathology will comprise models, paintings, photographs and living plants and fruits, illustrating the various diseases of crops and of plants. Colored maps will show the distributions of the most important plant diseases in this country. Drawings will show on a greatly enlarged scale the parasitic fungi which causes these diseases. There will be a complete display of remedies for the prevention or cure of these diseases and of machines utilized in applying them.

The exhibit of the division of entomology will consist of insects injurious to agriculture grouped according to the plants and animals affected, each of which will be an object lesson and a pictorial epitome of the life history of the injurious species, with samples of the injury done by it. There will be a case illustrating injuries by insects to forest trees; also a series of illustrations of devices used for rearing insects in order to study them, with wax models of insects and real insects, too.

The division of pomology will exhibit models of fruit grown in this country, especially Southern fruits. A model of an orange tree will exhibit

the various stages of fruiting, at the same time illustrating some of the diseases of the plant. There will also be a collection of wild and cultivated nuts.

Various fibers will be shown, including flax from the State of Washington, ramie from Louisiana, sisal hemp from Florida, pineapple fibre from California, hemp from Kentucky and pine-needle fiber from North Carolina.

An exhibit of cotton will illustrate every feature of cotton culture, comprising models of cotton plants, illustrations of their diseases and representations of their insect enemies. There will be a collection of over 1500 samples of nearly every variety of cotton grown in thirteen States and Territories; also samples from all over the world.—Washington Star.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

Nero was wont to eat raw meat.

An Atchison (Kan.) woman's poodle dog sports a glass eye.

Seamen nearing land can tell that fact by the deposits of dew on the vessel.

Louis Cyr, the Canadian Sampson, lifts 3500 pounds without harness or other apparatus.

Brazil nuts are more properly seeds, about sixteen of which are enclosed in a large shell.

Siberian women are raised as abject slaves, untidy in dress, and are bought with money or cattle.

James Willis, of Mount Sterling, Ky., has been struck by lightning four different times and still lives.

In Greece there is 568 miles of railroad in operation, 304 under construction, and 214 more chartered.

There is a duck ranch in the Blue Mountain of Pennsylvania which sends 12,000 birds to the market yearly.

The peacock is found in a wild state in India, Ceylon, Madagascar and many other parts of Asia and Africa.

Charles McVeagh, of Harpswell, Me., lifts a barrel of flour with his teeth and holds a quintal of fish at arm's length.

The wife of C. Beaupre, of St. Raymond, Province of Quebec, Canada, gave birth to twins after she was seventy-five years old.

Raphael lived principally on dried fruits, such as figs and raisins, eating them with bread. He had a theory that a meat diet was not good for a painter.

In each wing of the ostrich twenty-six long white plumes grow to maturity in eight months. In the male these are pure white, while those of the female shade to cerise or gray.

The butter which scored 99½ points and took the first prize at the recent Iowa State convention, was made by Martin Mortensen, a young butter-maker with but six months' experience.

The weekly shipments of oleo from the Port of New York to the Continent of Europe average a value of \$100,000 to \$150,000, besides which shipments are made from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Montreal. This oleo is the basis of oleomargarine.

Two weeks ago in the Swiss city of Geneva, with 150,000 of a population, largely floating, they were, according to the official record, twenty-one suicides, and in all but one or two cases scraps of paper were found in which the victims stated that they could bear the pangs of poverty no longer.

Web Spinners.

Among the great web-spinning spiders is the Halaba, of Madagascar, which spins shining golden-yellow threads strong enough to bear the weight of one of these cork helmets, such as travelers wear in warm countries. They have woman's suffrage in the Halaba family, where the female considerably outweighs the males, and is correspondingly "bossy." She grows to the quite remarkable length of five and a half inches, while he, poor fellow, never gets beyond the quite insignificant dimensions of an inch and a half. In consequence, when she, in all the glory of her shining gold cuirass with a silvery down on it, spreads her five red, black tipped limbs in the midst of her shining gold web, he has to keep at a respectable distance, and seeks the seclusion of his club, for he has no right in that web which his more mighty spouse is bound to respect. She is a very industrious spinner, and I have no doubt that the airs of superiority she takes over her husband are largely due to the fact that she realizes she is the breadwinner of the family. She has been known to spin in a little less than a week 3291 yards. For over 150 years men have tried to utilize spider's silk for weaving fabrics with but discouraging success. Le Bon, about the beginning of the last century, succeeded in making gloves of it, and Louis XIV. had a pair of hose made of the thread. The web of the Halaba and one or two American spiders have led Dr. Wilder, of Cornell University, to hope that he might still make spider webs commercially valuable. The thread is quite as long as that of the silkworm, one species in Jamaica spinning a thread sometimes three miles long, but the chief difficulty lies in obtaining a long thread unbroken.—Chicago Times.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 8, 1895.

An exchange says: Farmers who overwork their boys are apt to create in them a distaste for farm life which will drive them into some other vocation as soon as they have their choice. Probably in five cases out of six they would be happier and more successful as farmers than at anything else, especially if they became educated and progressive farmers, working with brains as well as with hands. But if all their boyhood is passed in the hardest drudgery they will come to dislike farm life and long for something which offers a change.

There are in the United States fifty-one agricultural colleges for the education of whites and fourteen for the education of colored students, each State and Territory having one institution for whites, and Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Missouri two each. There are institutions for the education of colored students in agriculture and mechanics in Delaware and all of the ex Confederate States except Tennessee. The Virginia institution, at Hampton, is the largest, having 411 men and 248 women students and a faculty of twenty men and sixty women teachers. They have a library of over 7000 volumes, and 485 acres under cultivation. Their farm is valued at \$32,000 and the buildings at \$162,000. The institution for colored pupils next in importance is at Ogdensburg, S. C.

The bill offered in the house at Harrisburg Thursday last to increase the pay of members of the Legislature from \$1500 to \$2500 per session will scarcely fail to strike a sympathetic vibration in the pocket-nerve of a body which has been chiefly distinguished thus far by the novelty and variety of its designs upon the State Treasury. The aggregate increase of expenditure involved by such a bare-faced grab would exceed \$250,000. "But what's \$250,000 to this grand old Commonwealth?"—Record.

The New York Sun says that a citizen of that city has the sleeve buttons worn by President Lincoln on the night of his assassination, and another man treasures a piece of the waistcoat worn by the stricken President. The possessor of the latter relic was admitted to the wounded man soon after the shooting, and on coming out he found that he had brought with him the waistcoat, which had been given into his keeping. He cut it up and distributed fragments to the crowd.

Professor Donath, of Budapest, has been examining the statistics of European armies with a view to ascertaining whether the human race appears to be improving in a physical sense or deteriorating. The conclusion he arrives at is that men are decidedly deteriorating.

Two years ago Robert Galbraith, aged 74, of Indiana county, fell from a load of hay and injured his left ankle. The injury has caused him great suffering, and his physician insisted that unless the foot was amputated, the farmer could never be any better. Galbraith stubbornly refused to have the operation performed. One day last week he cut the foot off himself with his razor, and is now doing well.

Ida Moore, the eighteen-months-old daughter of Charles Moore, of near Baltimore, died last week from her lip being pierced by an English sparrow, which had been turned loose in a room where baby Ida was playing. The bill of the bird opened in the wound and could not be withdrawn until the bird's head was cut off.

To get his Governorship case in court Captain Kolb, of Alabama, will pardon a condemned murderer, and if the sheriff ignores it the Courts will be appealed to.

The Judiciary Committee of the Texas House of Representatives has reported favorably a bill to make train robbery punishable by death.

Land in New York city has been sold at a price equal to \$8,000,000 an acre. The highest in London at \$5,000,000 an acre.

Disappearing from Concord, Mass., Tax Collector C. W. Sanford leaves a \$15,000 shortage, which is covered by his bond.

A dangerous gang of forgers at Chicago are stealing checks from the mail and altering the amounts before cashing.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A Sunday School Convention was held in the Reformed church, in this place, on Saturday, the 2nd inst., under the auspices of the Adams County Sabbath School Association.

The Convention organized under the management of Rev. W. A. Carver at 10 o'clock with a prayer by Rev. C. J. Kephart; Jos. S. Gitt was elected Chairman and W. H. Emmert, Sec'y. Discussion: "The constitution and work of the Sunday school," was opened by the Rev. Carver, followed by remarks on the subject by Rev. Kephart. "Practical Teaching" was then discussed by Rev. Carver, followed by Prof. D. Duzler, Daniel Ehrhart and others. "School Enterprise" was then discussed by Rev. Kephart, after which Rev. Carver called for a committee of three as a co-operative committee, but the time for adjournment was come and the convention adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock, p. m.

At 2 o'clock the convention opened with singing, followed by prayer by Rev. Carver. The Secretary was absent, and Miss Minnie Lau was chosen to fill the vacancy. Address: "God's Word in the Sunday school," by Rev. Kephart, in the absence of Prof. O. G. Klinge; singing followed by an address on "Sunday school work in Adams county," by Rev. Carver. The Question Box was opened and questions answered by Rev. Kephart. Rev. Carver then gave a talk about the different districts of the county, pointing them out and the work they are doing. A collection was next in order. A committee was then appointed on circulation and use of the Bible in the Sunday school, composed of Jos. R. Diehl, James Sheely and James Barnitz; a committee on co-operation was also appointed, consisting of Daniel Ehrhart, Daniel Ruff and Henry W. Swartz. Then followed an address on "The training of Christian citizens," by Rev. Kephart, and after some instructions to committees in regard to distribution of Reading matter for S. schools, the convention adjourned.

The church was well filled in the afternoon. N. O.

Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relieves the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and that she has also used it for lame back with great success. For sale at Dicks' drug store.

After wantonly killing a negro, William Bush, of Moorehead, Miss. resisted arrest and was shot dead.

Masked bandits raided Sugarland, Tex., securing \$1500 express money, but four were chased and caught.

Farmers near Springfield, O., have formed a Vigilance Committee to drive out thieves and murderers.

On the charge of having fatally kicked her mother, Mrs. Kate Gill, of New York, was arrested.

As the result of a technical error in a Union Pacific grant in Kansas, 1000 settlers may be ousted.

Fire that destroyed Charles Silva's house at Sacramento burned his two children to death.

By sawing through iron bars, William Lathe, a murderer, escaped from Newport (Vt.) Jail.

The United States contains 4,564,641 farms, valued at \$13,279,252,649.

ELECTRIC BITTERS—This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50 cts and \$1.00 per bottle at J. W. Dicks' Drug Store.

J. L. KENDLEHART,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Late practicing in Philadelphia, has removed to Gettysburg, and resumed practice in the several Courts of Adams county. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court house, with Wm. McSherry, Jr., Esq., until April 1st, '95, after that date in the room recently occupied by Hon. S. McSwoppe. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to.

WM. HERSH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, in Star and Sun building, with John B. McPherson, Esq.

Administrator's Notice,
JOHN HAINES' ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Haines, dec'd, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
HENRY HAINES,
Strinestown, York county, Pa.,
HENRY STOCK,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

TWO LIVES SAVED.—Mrs. Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried with out result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. W. Dicks' Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

A Turkey and Oyster Supper.
The Ladies' Mite Society of the Reformed church of New Oxford will have a turkey and oyster supper on the evenings of Feb. 8th and 9th in Livingston's Hall. They will also have ice cream, cakes, etc. The public is cordially invited.

Found guilty of fraudulent practices, George E. St. John, a Port Clinton (O.) business man, shot himself in his home.

Two daughters of Mrs. Carey, a widow of near Zanesville, O., are found to be lepers.

O. W. O. Hardman, Sheriff of Tyler Co., W. V., appreciates a good thing and does not hesitate to say so. He was almost prostrated with a cold when he procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "It gave me prompt relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for coughs and colds." For sale at Dicks' drug store.

Fear of an uprising of white miners will prevent the introduction of Chinese labor in the mines at Idaho Springs, Col.

A 10-story office building in Buffalo is projected by a syndicate, headed by Kidder, Peabody & Co., the Boston bankers.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.—The Best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction of money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. W. Dicks.

Shoes at Cost!

INTENDING TO QUIT BUSINESS, so far as the SELLING of Boots and Shoes are concerned, I will from now until my entire stock is disposed of sell what Boots and Shoes I have on hand strictly at cost. My stock includes

Men's and Ladies' Fine and Coarse Shoes!

Children's and Infants' Shoes and Slippers!

Men's and Ladies' Rubber Shoes, &c., &c.

I will however continue to repair shoes and boots in the same neat and tasty style as heretofore and at the same low prices.

Now is your chance, will you take advantage of it?

Yours truly,
S. J. WOLF,
Hanover St., New Oxford.

DRUG
—AND—
JEWELRY STORE
N. E. Cor. Diamond, New Oxford.

J. W. DICKS

—DEALER IN—
Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines,

Toilet Articles, Choice Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Fine Stationery Notions, &c.,

Cigars and Tobacco.

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Careful preparation of prescriptions

Also, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc. for Sale. Repairing done and work guaranteed.

All goods in either department warranted as represented.

G. W. WEAVER & SON, GETTYSBURG, PA.

GOOD-BYE SALE!

We are not going to quit—oh, no!—we are going to give good bye to more goods than we ever did before in the same period. We are going to put a forcing price on goods while people need them.

We cannot give the prices here, but we mean it—as we always do—and we purpose by advertising this sale to give everybody a chance. Don't wait until some of your neighbors try it first. The stock is large—so are the sales.

GOOD-BYE

Dress Silks.
Wool Dress Goods.
Black Dress Silks.
Carpets.
Ladies' Coats.
Piles of Goods.

GOOD BYE REMNANTS GOOD BYE.

In order to make this Good Bye sale interesting to everybody, we will sell a great many other goods at special prices.

THE LEADERS.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

STOCK'S MID-WINTER SLAUGHTER SALE.

In order to close all fall and winter goods we have marked them at such prices that will make them go quickly.

The following are a few of the many bargains we are offering:

Men's Overcoats,	were \$10.00,	now \$6.50.
Men's Overcoats,	" 6.00,	" 3.99.
Boys' Overcoats,	" 5.00,	" 3.49.
Ladies' coats,	" 6.00,	" 3.99.
Children's coats,	" 4.00 to 5.00,	" 1. to 3.50.
Men's Stiff Hats,	" 1.25 to 2.00,	" 0.35.
Men's Linen Collars,	were 0.12½,	now 0.05.
Comforts,	" 1.50,	" 1.19.
Comforts,	" 1.25,	" 0.89.
Comforts,	" 0.90,	" 0.69.

Blankets at greatly reduced prices.

The above are good bargains and will be worth looking at before buying elsewhere.

Respectfully,

E. C. STOCK,

SWARTZ BUILDING, NEW OXFORD.

EMMERT & BRO., NEW OXFORD, PA.

HAVING completed the inside of our store room, we are again ready for business. The improvement just completed gives us a good light, and our customers can buy with more pleasure, if not with more satisfaction. We will be pleased to see all our old customers again, and we feel sure that the quality of goods we give for the prices we ask, will bring us new customers.

IT is our purpose in this advertise ment to tell the public that we have added an entirely new, full and complete line of **SHOES**, our stock embracing shoes for Men, Ladies and Children, from the finest to the coarse, everyday wear. We have put the prices on them to so low a notch that we make just a living profit. An inspection of our stock is all we ask, feeling sure that our prices will do the rest.

HATS.—We also desire to impress upon the public that our stock of **HATS** is new, and embraces the latest styles of Stiff, Crush and Soft Hats. We cleaned out our old stock completely at our clearance sale last spring and summer which made it necessary to buy an entirely new stock this fall. Don't be afraid that our prices will not be right. They are always that way. Inspect the stock, anyhow.

We have also been adding largely to our stock of **DRY GOODS, &c.**, but we will talk of that later on. Yours very truly,

EMMERT & BRO.

BARGAIN STORE!

New and Useful Presents with Goods.

We have made arrangements to give quite a number of premiums as follows:
With \$5 worth of Goods, we give a fine Glass Cracker Jar.
With \$0 worth of goods a Glass Fruit Stand.
With \$25 worth of goods either a Glass Berry Set or a Beautiful Picture. This glassware is of the finest glass, and should be seen to be appreciated. The picture you know all about.

With \$45 worth of goods we give a Finely Decorated Chamber Set of 10 pieces—good ware. This should also be seen to be appreciated. Call and see the premiums, at any rate, whether you buy or not. Our prices are always as low as anywhere in town, while our goods are of the best.

We are now making a special drive on Syrups—at 24c., 30c., 40c., and 50c. per gallon. We also have some rare bargains in fruits. Come in and examine our goods—we will treat you right.

Yours most respectfully,

F. G. LIVINGSTON.

P. S.—We have a large Hall, suitable for a factory for rent. Rent—cheap.

THE ITEM

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS—\$1.00 per annum, in advance—\$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrears are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of the time subscribed for, will be considered a new engagement. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—liberal reductions to those advertising by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, at the lowest rates.

OFFICE in Sunday's Hall, (second floor), adjoining the Eagle Hotel, Centre Square.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 8, 1895.

MONEY WANTED.

We would be very thankful to those of our patrons who know themselves indebted to us for subscription, advertising or job work, if they would let us have at least part of the amount due, as we are much in need of funds at this time.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Mr. Chas. Haar, liveryman, of Pitt street, lost a valuable horse by death, Friday night.

A shrewd man who is cultivating honey has crossed his bees with lightning bugs so they can work at night.

A Washington paper claims that "music cures insanity." Why not have the Marine band serenade congress daily?

A Chambersburg man, who refused to pay his fine for using profane language on the streets, was committed to jail for a period of 25 days.

Charles, a son of Jerome Overbaugh, of McSherrystown, aged about 16 years, died on Friday after a few days illness of typhoid pneumonia.

Mrs. Susan Howard, of near Hunterstown, had three sheep killed by dogs one night recently, and the same night one was killed for Mrs. Leah Thoman.

Remember the supper to be given in Livingston's Hall by the Mite Society, this Friday and Saturday evening. Good things to eat and plenty of it, cheap.

Miss Nancy King has resigned as postmistress at Hunterstown. She and her sister, who died about two years ago, had the postoffice for thirty-five years.

Emory K. Eichelberger has sold his farm, containing 190 acres, located near the Ketterer wagon works, in Conewago township, to A. J. Rebert, for \$90.50 an acre.

On Monday afternoon the parochial school children of this place, were treated to a sleigh ride to Bonnaville, where the school visited the parochial school of that place.

Ollie, the 10 year old son of Ed. F. Wentz, of Hanover, fell while skating on the pavement a few days ago, and broke the large bone of the left leg about two inches above the ankle.

The Metcalfe engine works at Shippenburg, were destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Loss \$10,000; partially insured. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

Edward Chronister, of near Bermudian, while driving along the road near Bridgeport, last Friday, the horse became frightened at the cars and ran away, throwing Mr. C. out of the buggy, cutting and bruising him very severely.

Among the interesting cases for April court is a suit for a breach of promise of marriage, brought by Carrie S. Warren, of East Berlin, against Andrew M. Becker, of Gettysburg. She claims \$2,000 damages.

One day last week a large deer was seen at Myers' dam, near town, by different parties. One man got his dog after the deer, but latter distanced the dog in short order. The deer directed its course toward the mountains.

On Sunday evening, February 24th, Mr. John Allwood, of Hanover, will be married to Miss Emma Catharine Heist, daughter of Mr. Chas. Heist, of near this place.

Merle Halter, of near Leesburg, York county, was thrown from a sleigh the other day and had his scalp almost torn from his head. It was necessary to put 21 stitches in the scalp.

The Hanover Machine Company and the Fitz Machine Co., of Martinsburg, W. Va., at a meeting on Tuesday afternoon agreed to consolidate. The Martinsburg works will be removed to Hanover in the near future.

Mr. H. K. Schnell has changed his mind and will not remove his shoe store from this place to Red Lion, York county, as reported last week. He has not resigned as Burgess of New Oxford, as some of our exchanges state.

In the Senate Monday morning Mr. Cameron called up by unanimous consent and had passed without opposition the bill which has been pending, providing for a military park at Gettysburg. The bill has now passed both House and Senate and only the President's signature is necessary to make it a law.

"Pennsylvania in Peace and War," is the title of a lecture to be delivered in Holy Trinity church, McSherrystown, on the evening of Washington's Birthday, by Wm. McSherry, Jr., Esq., of Gettysburg. The proceeds of the lecture are to be devoted to the improvement of the cemetery at Conewago.

Monday evening, Feb. 4, Camp Room of W. C. No. 22 P. O. S. of A. was filled with members from Camps of Bendersville and Gettysburg. After the routine of business and a number of addresses, they were ushered into the dining room where the caterer had prepared a repast. The reception closed at a seasonable hour when all left for their respective homes.

The grocerymen of York are having a regular molasses war at the present time. A few days ago one of them started to reduce the price of the fluid to three cents per quart in order to compete with his neighbor. Monday another reduction was made and now molasses is selling at one cent a quart at York.

For some time a large hawk was keeping watch on a covey of partridges, and on the chickens as well, on the premises of Mr. Peter Miller, near town. A chicken having died for Mr. Miller, he used its carcass to conceal a few traps as a bait for Mr. Hawk and succeeded in capturing him. When the hawk was fast in the trap, it was cruelly murdered with a club by his little (?) son, Pius.

Sunday morning Charles Snyder, of York, aged about 12 years, was persuaded to put his tongue against an iron lamp post. As soon as the lad's tongue touched the cold iron it quickly and firmly adhered to it. The boy at once frantically but vainly endeavored to get his tongue released, when Wm. Witta took his pocket knife and commenced cutting, and in a very short time cut the tongue loose.

Amos Broadwater, of Garrett county, and Miss Eliza Warwick, of Allegheny county, were married at Frostburg, Md., recently. The groom was in his 91st year. His first wife, with whom he lived 63 years, died fourteen months ago, the only death to occur in his family. Mr. Broadwater has 12 children, 99 grandchildren, 102 great grandchildren and one great great grandchild. He is hearty and looks much younger. The bride is in her 51st year.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Mummastown Fire Protection Society, on Saturday, the Board appointed W. H. Deebert to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Geo. Meckley. The Board now stands as follows: E. W. Stable, President, Mummastown; J. McGrew, Sec'y, Mummastown; J. Frank Hartman, Tres., Mummastown; Geo. M. Smith, Agt., Heidlersburg; W. H. Brinkerhoff, Agt., Gettysburg; W. H. Deebert, Agt., New Chester; John Hartman, Agt., Two Taverns; Jacob Gobrecht, Agt., Union twp.; Dr. R. Watson, Agt., Fairfield; H. L. Bream, Agt., Cashtown; Aaron L. Weidner, Agt., Arendtsville; H. A. Yentis, Agt., Bendersville; John C. Groop, Agt., Idaville; Charles Strasbaugh, Agt., Bonnaville. Mr. Deebert will attend to the business in his former district.

Following is the program rendered at the anniversary of the O. E. Society in the Reformed church on Sunday evening:

Music by choir.
Scripture reading.
Prayer, James Sheely.
Music by congregation.
Address of welcome, J. M. Wehler.
Recitation, Gertie Taughinbaugh.
Music by congregation.
Reading, Miss Mary McIlhenny.
Sentence quotations.
Song, by Juniors.
Address, Christian Citizenship, J. A. Sheely.
O. E. Rally Song, by Society.
"The Good Fit," (exercise)
Song, by congregation.
Sentence Prayers.
Recitation, the Last Hymn, Dolly Pottorff.
Address by Pastor.
Prayer, T. P. Frazier.
Reading of Report, Mary Ruff.
Collection.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. E. O. Stock, of Philadelphia street, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Markley, who have been quite ill at their home in York Springs.

M. E. Michael and Robert Althoff, of Hanover, spent Sunday in this place.

Misses Emma Spangler and Della Coulson, of East Berlin, spent last week with their aunt, Mrs. Peter Miller, Carlisle street.

J. M. Austin, the well known hotel registry man, of York, was in town on Tuesday morning and gave us a pleasant call. He is now getting up a book for the Shaffer House, at East Berlin.

Miss Ettie Shutt, of Spring Grove, visited friends in this vicinity last week.

Mrs. A. W. Himes and daughter Ruth, also Mrs. Dolly, sister of Mrs. H., spent several days in Baltimore last week.

Miss Clara Yount, of Littlestown, spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Lottie Cashman, Hanover street.

Emerson Eckert, of near town, is visiting at Westminster.

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be preaching services in St. Paul's Reformed church on Sunday at 10 a. m., sermon on Church of Pergamos; Sunday School at 9 a. m.; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Rev. P. E. HEIMER, Pastor.
There will be only one Mass in the Catholic church on Sunday morning, —High Mass at 10:30.

Rev. P. P. HEMLER, Pastor.
St. Paul's Lutheran church, —Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.; Evening Prayer at 7 p. m.

Rev. F. HESSE, Pastor.

Sudden Death.

Our town was considerably startled last Thursday afternoon when it was announced that Mr. John Haines had died about 4 o'clock. Mr. H. was in his usual good health, with the exception of a slight cold, up to about 11 o'clock, when without a moment's warning he was stricken with apoplexy, with the above result. Mr. Haines was a quiet and inoffensive citizen, attending strictly to his own business at all times, and did not enjoy the respect and confidence of all who knew him. He was a school director for a number of years in Oxford township and held that office when he died. His funeral took place on Sunday afternoon from his late residence at the borough line, interment was made in the New Oxford Cemetery, after which services were held in the Lutheran church, Rev. Clare officiating. Deceased was unmarried and was aged 64 years, 2 months and 12 days.

County Officers Fees.

The report of J. Lawrence Williams, Esq., appointed to audit the accounts of the Court house officers shows them to have received the following fees for the year ending Jan. 7th, 1895:

Geo. Meckley, Prothonotary \$1819.10
J. L. Sowers, Reg. and Rec'r 2736.21
E. M. Bement, Clk of Courts 2024.02
The amount of the collateral inheritance tax collected by the Register for the State during the year was \$6336.10. The tax on Matthew Eichelberger's estate alone being \$3800.

After deducting clerk hire and office expenses there is no excess over \$2000 in any of the offices, of which the State would get half, should there be any.

This is the record of the Prothonotary's office: Judgments, 649; Amicable Actions, 29; Certioraries, 2; Original writs, 25; Sci. Fa. Mechanics' Liens, 2; Transcripts, 26; Appeals, 15.

The Register and Recorder record is: Letters Testamentary, 75; of Administration, 70; Deeds, releases, &c., 417; Mortgages and Assignments, 111.

Eye Removed.

Several weeks ago Mr. Geo. Schlosser, of Bendersville, was accidentally struck in the eye with an apple, which injury produced an inflammation of the whole eyeball. Though skillfully treated the inflammation refused to yield, and it was at last decided that the only course to adopt was to remove the eye, which operation was performed by Dr. J. G. Stover. Tho' Mr. Schlosser is 65 years of age, the operation is a perfect success.

Are you Having Sale this Spring?

Don't delay in ordering your sale bills at the ITEM office. Remember just as soon as you order the bills a free notice of your sale goes in the ITEM, which will be continued until day of sale. Bills printed cheaper than ever before.

COURT ITEMS.

Report of viewers to lay out a public road in Union township, from a point in road leading from the Baltimore pike to the farm of Josiah Stonesifer, on the line between lands of John Leese and Benjamin Clauser, Jr., and Emanuel Unger, in Union township, and extending thence to a point in the line between lands of Jacob H. Unger and Josiah Stonesifer and Benjamin Clauser, Sr., in another public road leading from Littlestown and Hanover pike to the farm of Jacob H. Unger, was filed and confirmed to the width of 23 feet.

D. P. Delap, Adam Kimmel and D. G. Sheely, viewers to lay out, if necessary, a public road in Huntingdon twp., from a point in the old Baltimore pike at lands of James Gardner, deceased, to a point in road leading from Wieman's Mill road to Wilt's school house, at the dwelling of George Winand, reported that a road is not necessary. Report was confirmed nisi.

Petition of Lewis J. Ramer for restaurant license was withdrawn.
Petition of Clayton R. Graves for rehearing of license application was refused.

In the Com. vs. John A. Carbaugh, the defendant was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$2.50 and \$31 for maintenance and \$1 a week until the child arrives at the age of 7 years and to be held in the sum of \$300 to pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Harry Walker was settled.
In the Com. vs. Samuel McCullough the defendant was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$5 and costs of prosecution.

In Com. vs. Jerome Shultz "not a true bill" was found, prosecutor, John F. Smith, to pay costs.

Com. vs. H. B. Keeper and L. B. Keeper was continued to April session. The defendant in Com. vs. July Myers, plead guilty and the Court suspended sentence.

Com. vs. Adam Braunreuter was continued to April session.

In the Com. vs. E. B. Gelbach, the defendant, entered into a recognizance to appear at April court.

Report of Grand Jury was filed and ordered to be recorded.

Peddler's license was granted to John Osborn.

COMMON PLEAS.

Sheriff's deeds were acknowledged as follows: Property of Wm. F. Heagy to Philip Hennigh, of John A. Orner to Lucy A. Newhafer, of Wm. F. Eckenrode to Harriet S. Toot.

Hon. Wm. McClean was appointed commissioner to take testimony in the divorce case of Margaret C. Kindig vs. John Kindig.

Wm. Arch. McClean was appointed to take testimony in the divorce case suit of Hiram Albert vs. Annie Albert.

An alias subpoena in divorce was awarded for Wm. Glass in the divorce suit brought by his wife, Ida Glass.

Judgment in the amount of \$20.25 was given the borough of Gettysburg in the suit against Lawrence P. Mayer and Francis Smith, for keeping a nuisance.

House Burned.

Monday night the brick house on the farm of John O. Group, in Huntingdon township, occupied by Joseph Bridges, was wholly destroyed by fire, along with all the household goods of the occupant. Mr. B. was away at the time, and it is supposed the cause was an overheated stove in which fire had been made by a neighbor. There is an insurance of \$500 on the house, in a foreign company. Bridges had no insurance.

Have Common Sense.

Don't stand and let them remove the Boston Clothing House from Gettysburg before you get what you may need in the line of Overcoats or Suits of Clothing. It seems you ought to have common sense enough not to work against your own benefit. They would much rather accept most any reasonable offer for an Overcoat or for a Suit of Clothes, than to pack and ship the goods. Act at once. Don't be so stubborn; it is for your own good.

Tax Notice.

The Borough and County Taxes are over due and must be paid within ten days. We hope those in arrears will see that their taxes be paid within that time to save themselves trouble.
E. C. Bond, Col.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MUSICAL COLLEGE.—Spring term opens May 6. For catalogue, address HENRY B. MOYER, Freeburg, Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—8 acres of land with improvements. For particulars call on or address, B. F. CHRONISTER, New Oxford.

Try Dr. J. W. Tudor's new process of extracting teeth without pain. Perfectly harmless. Office in Eckert building, 2d floor, Gettysburg, Pa.

WANTED.—Farmers having broom corn to have their brooms made at J. A. Melhorn's Factory, in Oxford twp. Brooms made cheap for cash, or on the shares. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PRICES HAVE BEEN REDUCED.—All roads seem to lead to New Chester now for parties wanting to buy furniture. Mr. G. F. Witter, the popular furniture dealer of that place, has reduced the price so that fine furniture can be purchased at cheap furniture prices. His stock embraces everything kept in a first class store, so that you cannot go amiss for anything you want. Give him a call.

Recent Wills.

Philip Hartman, Hartman, of East Berlin, bequeaths \$400 to the Brethren, or "Mummert's Meeting House," in trust for the purpose of keeping up and beautifying the grave yard. The balance is given his wife, who is named as executrix.

Johannes Miller, of Straban township, leaves all to his wife during her life and then to be equally divided among the children, and appoints Joseph Keese, a brother-in-law, executor.

John Knaub, of Huntingdon township, gives all his estate to his wife, Mary Knaub, and after her death to be distributed equally among her children.

Shooting Accident.

Sunday morning, by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of a son of James Ruler, of Mt. Joy township, aged about 16 years, a younger brother, aged about 7 years, who was sitting on the bed, was shot in the right side of the face, below the eye, the ball lodging in the roof of the mouth. The ball was extracted and the boy is recovering.

A Des Moines woman who has been troubled with frequent colds, concluded to try an old remedy in a new way, and accordingly took a tablespoonful (four times the usual dose) of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy just before going to bed. The next morning she found that her cold had almost entirely disappeared. During the day she took a few doses of the remedy (one teaspoonful at a time) and again took a tablespoonful before going to bed, and on the following morning awoke free from all symptoms of the cold. Since then she has on several occasions, used this remedy in like manner, with the same good results, and is much elated over her discovery of so quick a way of curing a cold. For sale at Dicks' drug store.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By J. H. Cashman	
Choice Wheat	95 1/2
No. 2 "	91
Raked "	45
Rye	43 @ 45
Corn	40 @ 43
Oats	30 @ 33
Clover seed, per lb.	1.50 @ 1.80
Timothy seed	6.00 @ 6.50
Timothy hay	6.00 @ 6.50
Rye straw	5.00 @ 6.00

MARRIED.

Jan. 30, by Rev. A. R. Steck, Henry A. Deardoff of Franklin township, to Miss Lizzie R. Hunkley, of Cumberland twp.
Jan. 22, in Littlestown, by Rev. F. S. Lindaman, Geo. W. Epley, of Straban township, to Miss Bertha M. Snyder, of Mountjoy.
Jan. 24, by Rev. W. G. Slifer, John F. Myers, of Straban township, to Miss Emma R. Roudelush, of Huntingdon twp.
Feb. 3, at McSherrystown, by Rev. Father Brandt, Mr. Wm. T. Bunty to Miss Jennie Strasbaugh, both of McSherrystown.

DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, veils, &c., 5 cents a line.
Feb. 1, in McSherrystown, Charles Overbaugh, son of Jerome Overbaugh, aged about 16 years.
Jan. 31, near this place, Mrs. Martin Gulden, aged about 32 years.
Feb. 2, in Gettysburg, H. B. Danner, at an advanced age.
Jan. 31, in Hanover, Mrs. Mary Bankert, a sister of Samuel Geiselman of near town, in her 74th year.
Jan. 28, in Conewago twp., Albert John, son of F. X. and Josephine Storm, aged 8 months and 29 days.

BROOM FACTORY!

The undersigned intends to again manufacture BROOMS in the near future at his residence on High street. Farmers who have broom corn will save money by having it made up at this factory. Will make up corn on shares at a very low price. Store keepers can save money by buying brooms of

T. S. SWOMLY,

12094
New Oxford, Pa.
Patents obtained. Easy terms. Thirty five years' experience. Examinations and Reports free. Prompt attention. Send drawing and description to L. B. AGGER & Co., Attys., 309 N. 4th St., Washington, D. C.

We often claim we have the lowest prices in the town. No brag intended. We are willing to prove it. If you care to compare prices, go any day to any store in town and price anything. Then come here and price the same grade of goods, and be convinced that our claim is true.

All our heavy weight of goods in Ladies' or Men's wear will be sold at cost; some below cost. We do not intend carrying any of them over the Summer.

Muslins, Sheetings and Tickings can be had much cheaper now than ever before.

We sell three qualities of Geese Feathers. Our best quality is strictly first class.

We offer a big stock of Carpets at prices that will astonish you.

We invite you to examine our stock before you buy.

CARVER & LITTLE,

No. 8 Baltimore Street,
HANOVER, PA.

It is said the big crops of Texas will keep the roads of that State out of the receivers' hands.

The Napoleonic revival has increased the demand for art works of every kind that refer to that period.

Every day emphasizes the impression, exclaims the New York Mail and Express, that China should have stuck to bric-a-brac and let war alone.

Football was a crime in England during the reign of Henry VIII., and the Hartford Journal thinks it is not far from it in this country to-day.

According to the latest census bulletin, Georgia's total population is 1,837,353, and of this number only 32,684 are of foreign parentage, or about 1.78 per cent. of the whole.

Commissioner Coombs thinks that the Salvation Army may be the agents for distribution of meat grown in Queensland all over England, as it is used largely in army depots.

Nicholas II. is gaining great popularity in Russia for his democratic ways, the New York Press facetiously observes. He has been known to drink a cup of coffee after it had been examined by only three expert chemists.

If any one believes that the interest in the horse is to give place before the inroads of electricity, let him attend some great "horse convention," suggests the Farm, Field and Fireside, and note the attention paid the splendid specimens of endurance and intelligence there on exhibition.

There are 50,000 more women than men in the State of New York. The universal law governing such matters makes the female population of a long settled country or district higher than that of one newly settled or partly developed, and so in the New England States the number of women is in excess of the number of men, while in the Western and Pacific States this is reversed.

What is practically the American dollar is in a fair way to be the unit of currency for the world, maintains the New York Independent. It rules this whole continent, and the Mexican dollar is the most popular coin in the East, and the Japanese yen is very nearly the same thing. Now the Bombay mint is beginning to issue what has been called the British dollar, which will have the support of banks and of British and Indian merchants from Bombay to Singapore and Japan.

The Atlanta Constitution remarks: When we read that the late Count de Lesseps was ten years old when the battle of Waterloo was fought, and that he saw both Napoleon and Wellington after that event, the great Corsican seems to be brought within sight of the men of our own times. The fact is, many persons now living might have seen him. Dozens of people in Atlanta were half-grown at the time of the battle of Waterloo, and one lady now living here remembers seeing Napoleon when she was a little child.

About fourteen per cent. of the entire number of medical graduates drop out of the profession within a few years, avers the Chicago Herald. Some few never practice; others are tempted by better inducements into other fields of work; some are driven to suicide on account of failure; others succumb to contagious diseases; still more lose their health on account of exposure to inclement weather and accident, or on account of mental anxiety. Among these we must include those who become insane or who contract the alcohol, morphine or cocaine habit. Worse than all else, a few are driven into quackery. Any one may make a mistake in the choice of life work, and it is no discredit to abandon practice. There are plenty of honorable employments for unsuccessful physicians; there are schools to teach, merchandise to sell, drugs to dispense, news to gather; at any rate there is coal to shovel and wood to saw. It doubtless seems a pity to sacrifice the investment of three or four years' hard work in the study of medicine, but it is cheaper than to sacrifice honor and prostitute medical science to quackery.

HOW SHALL I LOVE YOU?

How shall I love you? I dream all day, Dear! of a tenderer, sweeter way; Songs that I sing to you—words that I say; Prayers that are voiceless on lips that would pray—

These cannot tell of the love of my life; How shall I love you—my sweetheart, my wife?

How shall I love you? Love is the bread Of life to a woman—the white and the red Of all the world's roses; the light that is shed

On all the world's pathways, till light shall be dead!

The star in the storm and the strength in the strife;

How shall I love you—my sweetheart, my wife?

Is there a burden your heart must bear? I shall kneel lowly and lift it, dear!

Is there a thorn in the crown that you wear? Let it hide in my heart till a rose blossoms there!

For grief or for glory—for death or for life, So shall I love you—my sweetheart, my wife! —E. L. Stanton, in Ladies' Home Journal.

JACK'S SURRENDER.



O, mother, no! It is absolutely useless! We may as well drop the subject.

My mother held her hands towards the fire—plump little hands covered with rings, the last coquetry of her sixty years.

"Jack," she replied, sternly, "you are as headstrong as your father used to be. When he was of your age he would not listen to a word about marriage. Poor man! He much preferred his famous Bachelors' Club, and swore to remain faithful to its laws. But, mark my words, before you know it, you, too, will be walking up to the altar, my friend. 'Ou le pere a passe pesser a bien l'enfant!' (The son follows in the footsteps of his father)—Alfred de Musset tells us."

"Oh, that's all very well," I cry, "but in my father's youth the girls were not full of notions like these of to-day; they were modestly educated young girls, the extent of their ambition being to read a sonata, write a correct note, and make a fairly graceful courtesy. But now—"

"Well, Jack, you are not complimentary, to say the least," interrupted my mother. "It is your opinion, then, that the girls of my day were little more than simpletons?"

"I beg your pardon, mother, dear! But even you must admit that formerly the education of young girls was much less pretentious, and I think more consistent, than that of our little blue-stockings; for when they left boarding-school they had only enough instruction to enable them to understand the pages of a romance or follow a conversation; not enough to humiliate their mothers, and not infrequently their husbands as well. From their infancy they were prepared to fill the roles of wives and mothers, and the happy husband could sleep contentedly every night in the assurance that the 'angel of the fireside' would superintend the desserts and darn his socks conscientiously."

Mamma started impatiently from her chair.

"Jack, it seems strange that a woman of the old school should be obliged to combat your prejudices. But I assure you, my dear, that in my time the majority of those 'angels of the fireside,' whose praises you sing so loudly, were very shallow girls. What girl of spirit would be contented with the secondary role that you men would like to impose upon her? No, no! It is not the learning of your wife which frightens you, young men; it is your own ignorance. Oh, it is nothing more nor less than self-conceit! If you had not been afflicted with laziness while in college you would fear comparisons less!"

"Oh! oh! mother you're too bad!"

"You maintain, then, that Latin, Greek—a college education, in short—is incompatible with modesty, grace, sweetness and the domestic qualities of a woman?"

"I do maintain it most emphatically."

"Very well. Go to Mme. Desjardins with me this evening. There shall be no more talk of marriage. It is simply an unceremonious call. You will see the twins, and can judge for yourself, my son, since you have so slight a regard for my experience. You understand that you are free to do exactly as you like. In fact, you need come to me for no information or advice on the subject. Go and dress, my son."

Marry a baccalaureate! Heavens! when I heard my mother's wish I felt a shiver run down my back. Look here, mamma, you may as well be honest and say outright that you are planning my death, and by what means! Why not throw me overboard and done with it?

The absurdity of proposing a B. A. to me? To me! a man thirty years of age—a man of sense, I can honestly say—who would only enter the road

to Hymen with the caution of a Sioux Indian! Alas! cruel mother, what have I done to you? Have I not for love of you heard La Dame Blanche eight times?

From the bottom of my heart I cursed Vichy and its waters. Vichy with its shady walks, Vichy and its promenade concerts, where mothers in quest of sons-in-law meet mothers in quest of daughters-in-law. Was it not there under the shades of the park that Mme. Desjardins and my mother met after years of separation? Was it not there that they formed the first conspiracy against the security of my bachelorhood?

Here we are at Mme. Desjardins!

"My dear friend, let me present my son."

"Little Jack!"

I am annoyed by this exclamation. I feel that my appearance in the draw-room is made ridiculous. This good lady in green satin knew me as a boy, in the golden days of black marks and whippings. It is very delightful, I am sure, and I ought to be charmed; but thirty unknown faces stare curiously at this "little Jack," with a respectable mustache, whom Mme. Desjardins finds "much changed." Great Scott! I should hope so, in fifteen years! Confound her reminiscences of childhood! She might as well talk of my first kilts or inquire if I have brought my hoop.

Fortunately Mme. Desjardins adds a few words of gracious welcome which restore my breath, and mother turns to introduce me to the young ladies.

The Misses Desjardins are twins, a blonde and a brunette. They are of the same stature, and dress alike even to ribbons; but here the resemblance ceases.

Miss Martha, the brunette, is a beautiful woman—too beautiful, for simple mortals. A Greek goddess! A Pallas Athene! Her features are pure and cold; her rich black hair forms a royal diadem about her head. Rose is less of a woman, less imposing.

A real Greuze, this young girl!—bewitchingly pretty, with her little Parisian nose, her dimpled cheeks, and fair hair which looks as if powdered with gold. What a smile! What a voice—so sweet, so sweet! A veritable child, whom one might still suspect of playing with her dolls when no one is by, in spite of her nineteen years—and a child who surely is no Bachelor of Arts.

Mamma had never mentioned the name of the learned Miss Desjardins, but who could dream of insulting this exquisite Miss Rose by even a suspicion?

The other is the baccalaureate. I am sure of it. Could she have appeared, draped like a statue in the salons of the First Empire, she would have struck wonder to all hearts! Her rich voice, a vibrating contralto, must show to advantage in scanning hexameters. I can appreciate her taste. Great Scott! Greek must be becoming to this classic beauty. What a thrill of admiration would run through an audience as she murmured in the original: "The Plaints of Tpalgenia!"

A little informal dancing is proposed. I offered my arm to the little Greuze. So much the worse for the Grecian goddess, the Pallas Athene. Between two waltzes I had an opportunity to talk with my charming little partner, who glides about like a fairy in a cloud of blue gauze, a fan of pigeon feathers beats against her delicate breast, like the wing of a dove.

In a quarter of an hour I feel that I am competent to judge of Miss Rose. She is bright, but I take care to keep the conversation on simple topics. She would find it difficult to display much learning! She is a good little girl, very acute, rather roguish, but simple, frank and unassuming. She loves music, can sketch cleverly, and last year, while visiting her aunt in the country, she had a delightful time making preserves. Dear little Greuze! What delicious preserves yours must be! and what an adorable little housewife you must make, in a large white apron, your sleeves rolled up to show the dimples in your elbows!

Look! you can see them now, just above your gloves. What a sweet picture! Surely, I have found the dream of my life—a dear, rosy, ingenious little wife, who makes preserves!—"Jack, dearest, taste my jelly." How these words go to a man's heart! What baccalaureate would ever condescend to call me "dearest?" She would never make me preserves.

Thus I rush into it. I divulge my theories upon the education and destiny of woman. Wife and mother—the Angel of the Fireside, no more, no less. Slyly I send a few arrows flying against the pedestal of the Grecian goddess, the Pallas Athene, and I praise with rare tact, I flatter myself, the art of housekeeping, which I am sure Miss Rose understands to perfection. But I immediately repent. She blushes with modesty, poor child! Perhaps, too, she is a little hurt to see her sister's baggage classique so little appreciated.

Quick, I must repair my blunder. I will ask Pallas Athene for a quadrille.

"Well, Jack," said mamma, when comfortably installed in the coupe which was carrying us far from Miss Rose, "do you regret having thrown away your evening, my son?"

"Thrown away," is rather severe,

mamma! Had Mme. Desjardins and her daughters been much less charming, I should not have regretted accompanying you when you wanted me to do so. But my opinions are unchanged, I confess; baccalaureates have no charm for me."

"As you like, my son. You are perfectly welcome to your opinion."

What was the meaning of the smile, half-satisfied, half-roguish, which flitted across mamma's face, under the shadow of her white lace scarf?

Oh, Rose! Rose! Every night my dreams are haunted by your dress of azure blue. Why, oh Rose, are your eyes the color of your gown? Why do tiny curls escape from the coil of your fair hair to nestle tremblingly in your neck, like a pale smoke, a golden mist? Why do gay dimples spring in your velvety cheeks when you smile?

Above all, why, oh Rose of May, sweet Rose without thorns, has heaven placed you beside a gorgeous but perfumeless tulip, glowing like a flame in the pride of her beauty?

Rose, you have made me faithless to the classic beauty. For me your sister Martha possesses only the cold majesty of a statue; a religious awe steals over me when gazing on your pure face. Rose, I am only happy near you!

Thus my thoughts wandered for eight long days. Was it my thoughts alone? What was there to prevent the straying of my heart as well?

I have seen her again! I see her now every week. I have a standing invitation to Mme. Desjardins' Wednesday evenings, and she, with her daughters, comes regularly to mother's Friday receptions.

My mind is filled with a collection of portraits representing Miss Rose in various guises. Miss Rose in her fairy like ball dress, Miss Rose in an exquisitely fitting calling suit of delicate gray, Miss Rose in a white house dress, adorned with a dainty Russian apron. But in these various aspects she is always the same little Rose, whose sweet graces have gone to my very heart.

One morning I rushed into my mother's room.

"Mamma, I love Miss Rose. I must marry her. Put on your calling dress as quickly as you can. Take a carriage, fly to Mme. Desjardins, and tell her that, if she refuses to let me marry her daughter, I shall be wild with despair—that I shall drown myself—that—"

"Well, well, John, not so fast, I beg," replied, mamma, quietly. "It is not customary to make an offer of marriage at 9 o'clock in the morning. Besides, my dear," she added, as she placed her coffee cup upon the dressing table, "you must remember our compact. You are not to ask advice, information or assistance from me. Marry whom you like. Arrange matters as best you can. It is your own affair."

Decidedly, mamma is still vexed with me. Very well; I will do without her advice and assistance. This evening, yes, this very evening, I shall lay my heart, my name, my fortune and my life at the feet of my dear Rose."

The day passed in an agony of hope and fear. And to think that I, practical man that I am, kissed at least a hundred times a flower stolen from my idol! And I gazed at that flower like a school girl dreaming over a faded marguerite as she thinks of the vows of her cousin.

There is a concert and ball at Mme. Desjardins'.

In the bay window—she wears the blue tulle dress—I have heaven in my soul. Oh, how beautiful the May nights are when one can throw open the windows of the ballroom! When happy couples, a black coat and a light dress, stray out upon the balcony to gaze up at the stars. When the air is filled with the intoxicating odor of the dewy foliage.

Does Rose encourage me to confidences? She seems vaguely melancholy, and the smile has fled from her lips. Our talk is serious, and is interrupted by those long pauses when the heart seems full to bursting. Strange! It seems as if a new being were gradually being evolved from the young girl I have known. Rose seems like a woman to me now; yes, like a woman who still retains the sweet naivete of a child.

The glimpse I catch of this unknown person throws an irresistible charm over my already stricken heart. What an infinitude of perspectives is unveiled to my view; child, woman, trust me! Do not hide from me longer the mysterious treasures of tenderness half hidden by thy sweet purity! We are alone. The stars watch over us. I cannot help but adore thee.

I bend towards her. Suddenly, behind us, there is a movement of chairs and a rustling of dresses. Whispers interrupt me.

"The Mariani is going to sing," murmur the voices.

Oh, what is the famous cantatrice to me! I am vexed at the interruption. But soon the light chords of the prelude reach us, like the awaking of birds in the fields at break of day; then a voice is heard above the rustling of runs, a magnificent voice which calms me, moves me, penetrates to my very soul, and I feel a great wave of harmony pass over me.

She sings:

Maiden, harken to my prayer! Listen to me, I implore! My heart will surely break. And for all thy dear sake! Maiden, I love thee As I have never, never loved before!

Heavens! I lose my head—I seize the trembling hand resting upon the window sill. Rose starts. Sing on, blessed voice! sing on, and whisper to my beloved all that fills my heart. And yet I dare not speak;

Fain would I serve thee, My lady love, my queen.

Lo! where before thee prostrate I'm kneeling.

Ah, trust me, and I will faithfully prove, Be but my own; my wife! my love!

A round of applause follows. I bend towards my darling, who smiles, but seems ready to cry.

"Rose, Rose, do you understand? Rose, will you trust me that I may prove my faithfulness to thee? Will you be 'my own; my wife; my love?'"

She sighs, she trembles! "No, I am not mistaken! She loves me! She loves me! I read it in her eyes!"

"Rose, I love you. I adore you for your simplicity, for your sweet naivete, for your adorable ignorance of the life and ways of this world. In you I find my ideal of what woman should be. One who has lived a quiet, secluded life in the bosom of her family, happy in the sweet home life that is the scorn of pedants and blue-stockings. You are the companion of my dreams. Oh, Rose, my Rose—say that you can love me!"

She grows pale, then red, and the tears fill her eyes; then she becomes paler still, and replies very softly, but calmly and sadly:

"No, Mr. Jack, I am not your ideal woman. You have so often described her to me, so often and so cruelly, perhaps, that I might almost ask myself at this moment if you are mocking me. But I feel that for the time being, at least, you are sincere. You love me, you say, because I am simple and gay, as girls of my age should be; because I do not scorn home life, and because I make a fairly good hostess. But you wouldn't love me any more, I'm afraid—you would find me ridiculous, you would leave me in disappointment, if you knew—"

"Knew what, Rose, for heaven's sake?"

"I am surprised that you do not know what all our friends know—your mother as well as any one. I have—I am—I am a Bachelor of Arts! And you have sworn never to marry a Bachelor of Arts. You told me so yourself."

"You a baccalaureate, Rose! Is it possible? I thought it was your sister!"

"No, it is not my sister. Unfortunately it is I," she sobbed.

"Dear Rose, my dearly beloved, why can't I throw myself on my knees before you here in the bow window and make honorable amends for my stupidity? Ah, fool that I have been, and how blind! Here I have caused this angel of simplicity to blush for her learning! I have wounded and humiliated her! But how could I have dreamed that fate had reserved such a rare treasure for me? Such a mind, united with sweet womanly grace and a true heart. Rose, speak to me in Latin; speak to me in Greek, but tell me that you love me, even if it is in the language of Homer! Oh, Rose! I will study my forgotten declensions to please you, and we will discuss philosophy together by our fireside! Have I obtained my pardon? Will you believe me, my dearest?"

She places her trembling little hand in mine, while the Mariani repeats once more with her divine voice the impassioned love song:

Maiden, I love thee As I have never, never loved before!

Rose is my wife now. We discuss all sorts of subjects as we admire our baby, who dances gayly on the knees of his future preceptor.

As for me, I am the happiest of men; my wife is so bewitching when, to tease me, she says in Latin, what we are always thinking, "I love thee?"

If you come to see us in the country you shall taste the preserves of my fair baccalaureate, and you must give me your opinion of them, you gentlemen who swear so strongly never to marry a Bachelor of Arts.—From the French, in Romance.

Glass Houses.

One of the promised novelties of the next great Exposition will be a glass house. The building will have a skeleton frame of iron, on which will be fastened glass posts, making a double wall. The roof will be of tinted glass, and cornices, foundation, door-step and stairways will be of thick slabs of glass. Imitations of all sorts of building material will be possible in the new house, and the tops of pillars and mouldings will be stamped in arabesques and flowers. By improved methods, glass tubing and pipes are made that have a resistance equal to cast-iron. When these pipes can be used for conveying water, we will be sure of a much better quality of this article than at present, as no peculiarities of soil can corrode them, and the water will acquire no unusual taste.—New York Ledger.

The first shipment of railway ties made of Australian timber has just taken place to England. Much is expected of this trade in the future.

ELECTRIC COOKING.

THE OLD-TIME KITCHEN TO BE REPLACED BY ELECTRICITY.

Cooking, Washing, Heating and Lighting Will Be Done by Electric Currents—Devices Already in Use in Some Houses.

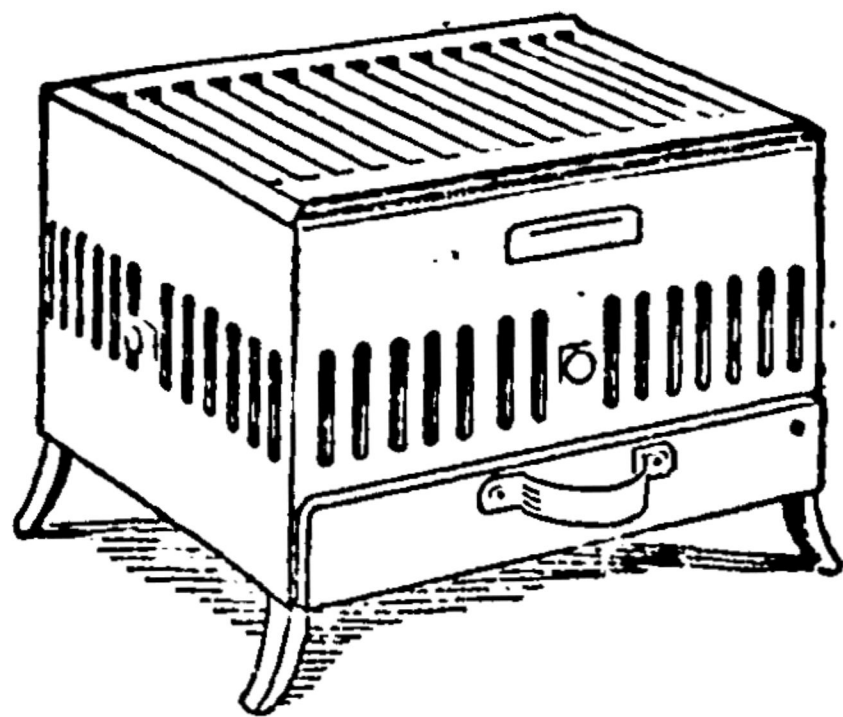
HOUSEKEEPERS have not generally recognized and welcomed the electric current as yet because they are not well acquainted with this stranger, who enters the house so stealthily and will do everything—with such wonderful efficiency. But electricity's merits as a domestic servant are becoming better known every day, says the New York Press.

"It won't be long," says a woman who has cooked with it since the apparatus was first invented, "before the current will be universally used in the preparation of food, and then cooking will become a real art. The kitchen may be a room of delightful, even luxurious appointments, and the mistress of the house will be the cook."

The realization of this dream of an emancipated kitchen—emancipated from the ashes and slowest and uncertainty of coal—has been delayed somewhat, the chief difficulty being objections on the ground of danger of fire from the heated utensils.

Inventors have recently perfected devices, however, which minimize the chances of fire. All utensils likely to grow very hot in use are incased in slate or marble—non-conductors of heat. These stands are not necessary for tea kettles and coffee pots, whose temperature never rises above 212 de-

"Look into the oven," she said. "That will convince you." It isn't necessary to open the electric oven to



THREE SECTION BROILER.

see within far. You look through a little glass window. A tiny incandescent light illuminated the interior, and showed a fat turkey and a small thermometer, which told exactly how much heat was giving him the appetizing color. The cook took a critical glance herself.

"It won't hurt him to have a little more heat on top," she said, as she turned a screw. "You see, I can have the heat wherever I want it. In the bottom and about the sides of the oven and other utensils are coils of metal which offer resistance to the current. This resistance you probably know makes heat. It comes so quickly and in such abundance that this ten pound turkey will cook in an hour and a quarter, although three hours is the time in an ordinary oven. I put my soup on after the stock has been prepared, and turn on the current. In four minutes it is ready to serve. I can boil it in another way. It is done with this queer utensil." The cook picked up an object which looked more like a stocking darning than anything else. The wires enter the handle and heat

A prominent cooking teacher was asked about cooking by electricity. "You have come to an enthusiast," she said. "Electricity is grand. The heat doesn't go up the chimney; it doesn't radiate into the kitchen—it stays just where you want it, and you can control it with a turn of the wrist. It is true economy of fuel, and economy is the soul of cookery. There is another point. The quicker a joint of meat is cooked the less will be the loss in weight and flavor. There is economy again. Of course we cannot overlook the vastly better cooking which even scientifically regulated heat and utensils unsoiled by soot and coal dust will lead to; nor the easier, daintier cooking which the absence of fires and ashes will permit. When electricity comes into general use ladies will attend to their cooking personally, instead of leaving this most important element in domestic happiness to incompetent servants, and then there will be culinary art in fact as well as in name."

"But," continued the teacher, with a smile, "there is one thing to be feared from the introduction of electricity. Bachelors could cook dainty breakfasts in their own rooms with such delightful ease that they wouldn't think of marriage. The young man would need only two or three utensils—indeed, a chafing dish would do it all. When he arose in the morning he could put on his electric stove whatever he chose, turn on the current and before the completion of his toilet breakfast would be waiting. The ladies will naturally think twice before allowing bachelorhood any such ease and charm as that."

The drawback to the general adoption of electricity in the household is the expense of the current. At present only families of wealth can afford it. With improved machinery and dynamos, electricity is, however, slowly but inevitably becoming cheaper. It cannot be many years before the electrical kitchen will be within the reach of any family of very moderate means. Already along streets where trolley cars run electricity is used for sewing machines and even for pumping. With the electrical utensils herewith shown almost any household may do away with the oil or gas stove.

Twelve Years of Congress.

Chairman W. L. Wilson, of Congress, defeated for re-election last November, is to write a book. It is to be a political history of Congress for the past twelve years, during



WILLIAM L. WILSON.

which period he has been a member of the House of Representatives.

The work will be begun after March 4 next at Mr. Wilson's home in Charlestown, W. Va., where he expects to resume his legal practice.

To Set Fire to a Pile of Snow.

When you go out in winter while there is snow on the ground, says La Science en Famille to its boy



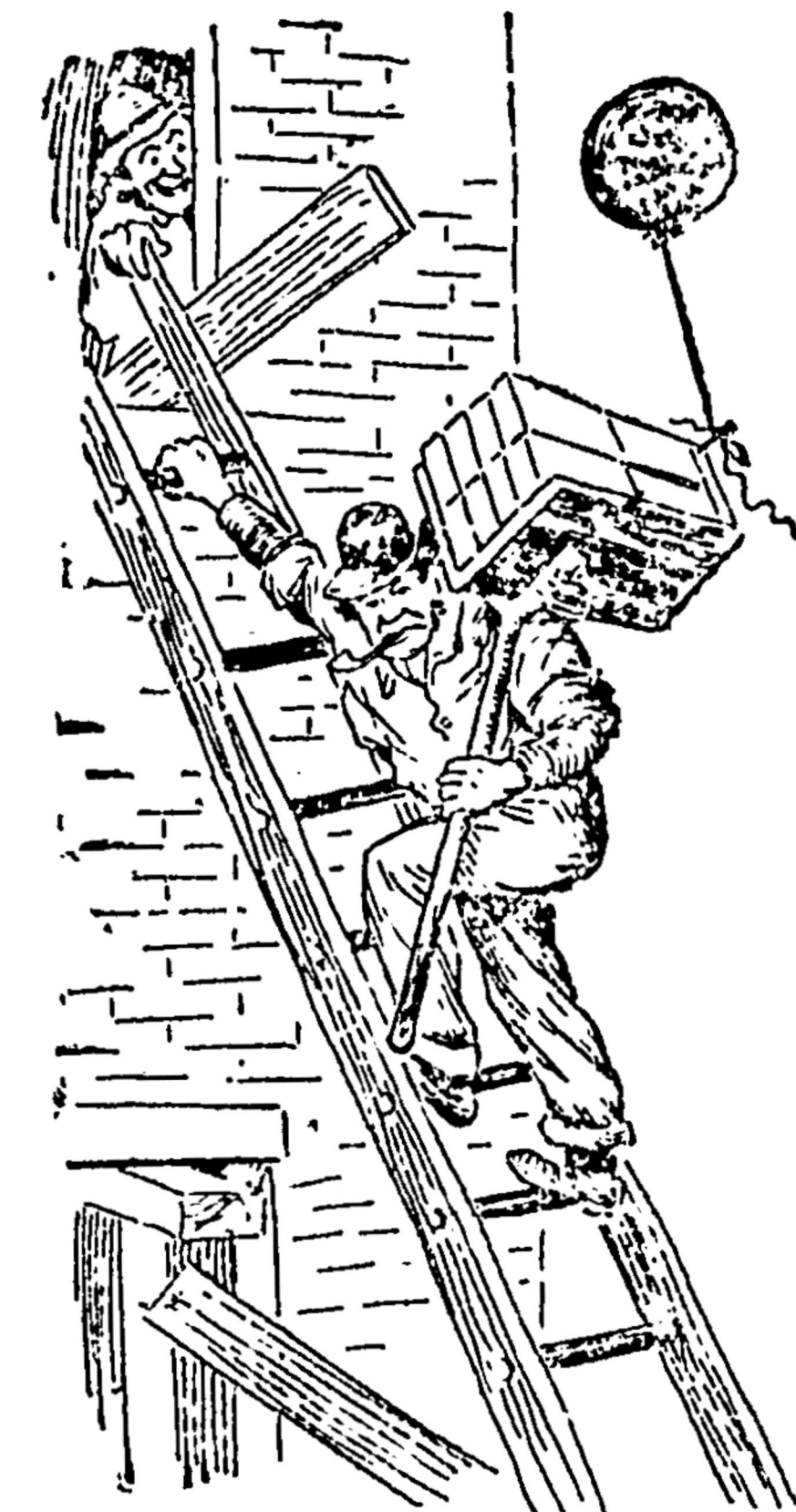
SETTING FIRE TO A PILE OF SNOW.

readers, do not forget to put a few bits of camphor in your pocket. They will prove useful to you for playing an innocent little trick that will surprise your companions, whom you have previously told that you are going to set a pile of snow on fire.

After gathering a small quantity of snow and arranging it in a conical pile, place in the summit of it the few pieces of camphor in question, the color of which will sufficiently conceal them, and which will pass unperceived unless a very close-by observation is made.

Now apply a lighted match to the camphor and the latter will immediately take fire and burn with a beautiful flame, to the great surprise of spectators who are not in the secret.

Finnegan's Invention.



Finnegan (struggling up the ladder) — "It's a fool I am not to thought of this thirty years ago."—New York World.

Well Spoken Of.

A certain Mme. Cresswell died in Bridewell, and bequeathed ten pounds to have a sermon preached, in which nothing but what was well of her should be said. The sermon is said to have been written by the Duke of Buckingham, and was as follows: All I shall say of her is this: "She was born well, married well, lived well, and died well. For she was born at Shadwell, married to Cresswell, she lived at Clerkenwell, and died at Bridewell."—Tit-Bits.

A Prolonged Farewell.



9 p. m.



10 p. m.



11 p. m.



12 p. m.—Munsey.

LULLABY.

Dear little girl, good-night, good-night!
The pretty birds in their nests are still;
We watched the sun as he sank from sight,
Over the tree tops on yonder hill.
Two stars have come since the daylight went
Away over there in the sky's dark blue,
They must be angels that God has sent
To watch my baby the whole night through.
Dear little girl, good-night, good-night!
I hear the frogs in the meadow call;
They croak and croak in the evening light,
Down in the pond by the old stone wall.
I think, perhaps, that they tell the flowers
Never to fear, though the world is dark,
They know the starry lights the hours
All night long with his cheerful spark.
Dear little girl, good-night, good-night!
Dear little head, with your silky hair,
Dear little form that I hold so tight,
Cozy and warm in the nursery chair!
White lids are veiling the eyes so clear,
Over their veiling the fringes creep.
Slower and slower I rock you dear,
My little girl is asleep, asleep.
Good Housekeeping.

RUMOR OF THE DAY.

Only the untried man wholly trusts himself. —Dallas News.

What nine men out of ten want is a home with hotel comforts. —Puck.

A preferred creditor is usually one that doesn't fight for prompt payment. —Puck.

These balloon sleeves evidently come of a desire to widen woman's sphere. —Boston Transcript.

A man who is a complete failure is nearly always particularly fond of giving advice. —Acheson Globe.

It was a junior in the Abilene High School who wrote "Evening Dawned at Last." —Leavenworth Times.

An egotist reminds one of a lizard; lop off a bit of him, he squirms a little and straightway grows on again.

Some future generation,
If we make no mistake,
Will kick about the biscuits
That papa used to bake.
—Detroit Tribune.

If you can't remember what the string tied on your finger was to remind you of, you are getting old. —Acheson Globe.

"That must be a very good book Jumper is reading." "Impossible. He seems to be profoundly interested." —Chicago Inter-Ocean.

A housekeeper up town says her grocer is so slow with his delivery that when she orders eggs the boy brings her chickens. —Philadelphia Record.

Morton—"Are you sure that Penam is really reconciled with his wife?" Crandall—"Yes, I am sure of it, for she reads what he writes and he eats what she cooks." —Truth.

"They say it is electricity," said Pat, as he stopped before the incandescent street-light, "but I'll be hanged if I see how it is they make the hairpin burn in the bottle." —Yale Record.

Sympathy—"My lord," said an overworked parson to his bishop, "I have not had a holiday for five years." "I am very sorry for your congregation," replied his lordship, with a smile. —Tit-Bits.

Hostess—"I am going to ask you to take a charming widow down to dinner. Will you?" Burrows—"Certainly. I'll take her anywhere that there is a crowd to protect me." —Boston Transcript.

Louie sobbed the tramp; the great wet tears
Left large and briny tracks.
"Pray what," quoth I, "if not too bold,
Your heart so sorely racks?"
Alas! sobbed he, "I've just been told
About this income tax."
—Boston Budget.

We often sneer at the Egyptians for being a slow people, but on the contrary they must have been a very busy race. Even the mummies appear to have been pressed for time. —Rockland (Me.) Tribune.

"But, Emma, how can you prefer the plain and shabby-dressed Julius to my elegant and handsome brother?" "That is quite simple; your brother is in love with himself, and Julius with me." —Life.

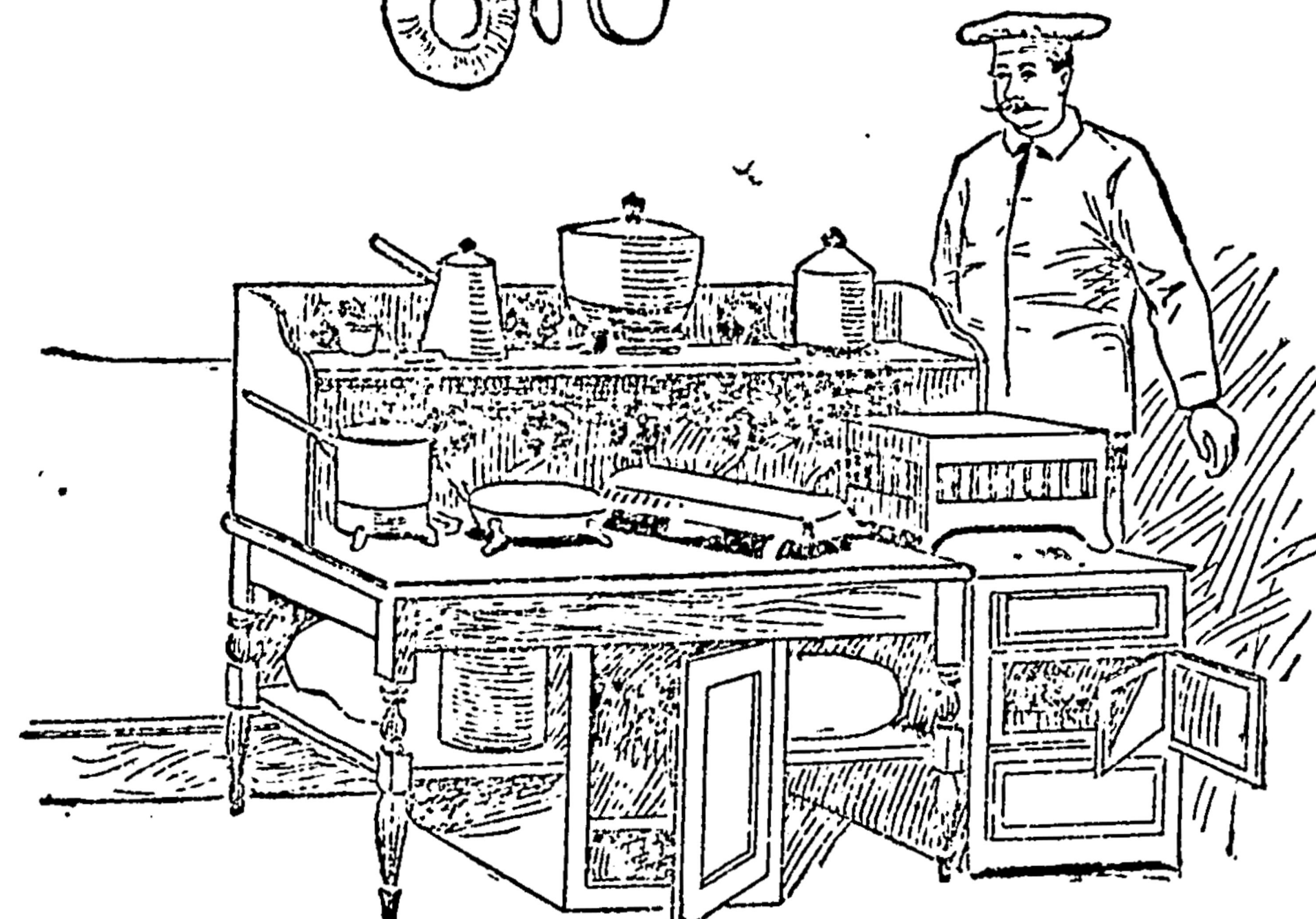
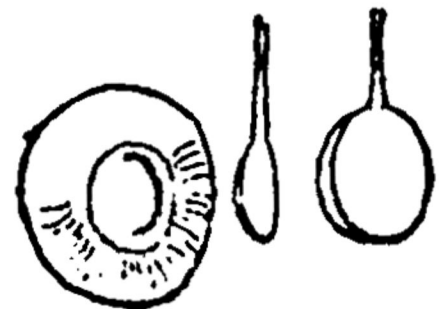
"I think Miss Smith and Mr. Jones must be engaged; they have had their portraits taken together." "Indeed? I am glad to hear it. I knew when I introduced them that she would be taken with him." —New York Press.

A Huge Moose-Head.

What is probably one of the finest moose-heads in the world was taken to Bangor, Me., this week by G. H. Crocker, of Fitzburg, Mass. The animal was shot up in Aroostook County at the Ox Bow, and the moose weighed 1400 pounds. It is about absolutely perfect in size, shape and spread of the antlers. The antlers spread sixty inches, and when it is considered that fifty-one inches is a large spread, some idea of the immense antlers of this moose is obtained. The largest set of antlers of which there is any record is sixty-one inches, and this moose surpassed that animal in the shape and formation. —Boston Herald.

A Stern Disciplinarian.

General Count von Hesel, of the German Army, is a stern old soldier and a strict disciplinarian. He has been known to stop a subordinate in the street and make him remove his boots and stockings to see if his feet were clean. —Chicago Herald.



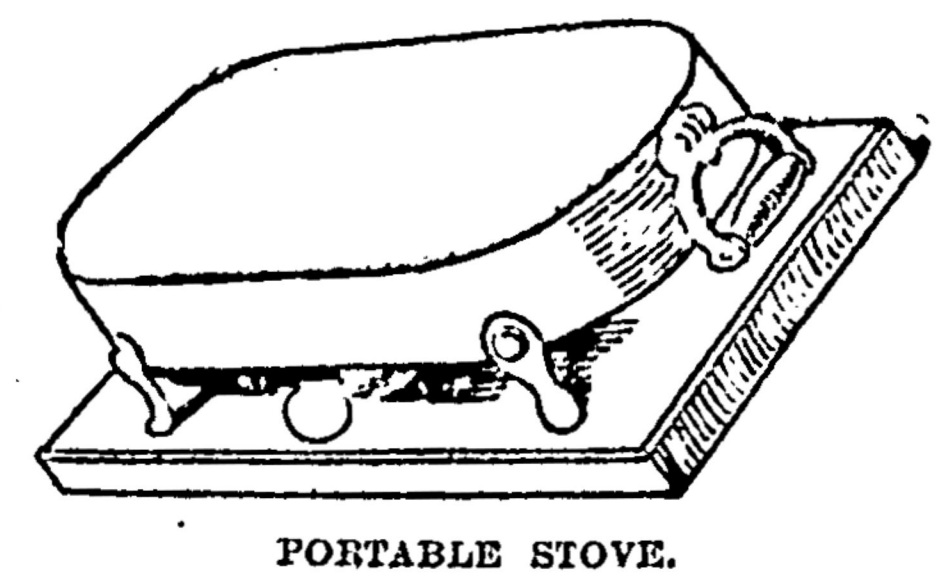
THE ELECTRICAL COOKING STOVE.

grees. They are attached to wires, which will pull out and shut off the current if the utensil is knocked over. Flat irons are so connected that when the current is turned off the iron cools.

Several residences in this city are being fitted with electrical cooking and heating apparatus. A prominent hotel is using the current for part of its cooking. Two of the biggest and fastest of the ocean greyhounds are heated by it, and their owners are contemplating its adoption in their culinary departments. In one residence the cooking, heating and lighting are all done by the swift and tireless current. It is a Brooklyn house, the home of J. Foster Peabody, in Monroe place, in which you can get the best idea of the kitchen of the future.

"Oh, you want to find out about the electricity," said the young lady to whom the Press reporter was referred when he had made known his errand. "It is delightful. But, of course, you want to see for yourself. The cook is preparing dinner, but electricity in the kitchen is her one weakness, and I think she will tell you something of it and let you look at the utensils even at this rather inconvenient time."

A mingled aroma of roasting turkey, boiling onions, turnips and cranberry sauce was perceptible as I followed my guide toward the kitchen. We entered a bright room, where, in place of the range, is a sort of big table, with shelves behind and beneath, and at one side a square board, upon which are levers and thumb screws. The water in the tea kettle was bubbling merrily. There was nothing at all strange in the appearance of these



PORTABLE STOVE.

utensils, except the mysterious green cord attached to each. A middle-aged woman, in a spotless white apron, looked up with a smile when she learned that I wanted to see if electricity really does cook.

the broad end, which is thrust into the uncooked soup. Almost immediately it begins to bubble and sputter, as if in protest of this strange thing, and in a minute or two is done.

"My mince pies," continued the cook, "will be baked in ten minutes to a beautiful golden brown and will be exactly the same on the top and bottom. A whole dinner can be cooked in an hour and a half. The coffee, tea or chocolate is made at the table with electricity, of course. These improvements are making me lazy, I fear. I don't get up hours before breakfast now, and come down to the kitchen to stare at a cold and dirty range, and then get down on my knees and scrape and rake for half an hour, and even then be uncertain whether the fire is going to burn or not. I get breakfast ready in twenty minutes. Then the ironing! I used to dream of the big pile of white clothes that I dreaded to do. I don't feel that way now, because the electric irons save so many steps to and from the stove. The wires run into the iron and keep it just the right heat as long as it is being used."

Things were steaming and sputtering, and the dinner required the whole attention of the cook, so I took my departure to other parts of the house. Down into the cellar a long, funnel like structure of wood conducts the air from the street into a big pipe to the top of the house, where the warm air is distributed through other pipes. On the inside surface of all of the pipes are coils of wire, over which the current flows, heating the metal, which in turn gives warmth to the air on its way to the various apartments. The apparatus is, of course, separated from the woodwork by a non-conductor of heat. In some of the rooms are portable electric heaters, which are obviously better adapted to general use than the expensive system of pipes they supplement in the Peabody House. The principle of heating is, however, exactly the same in both. The air of the room enters the heater from below, passes over the hot surface and flows out at the top.

It had grown dark by the time both the cooking and heating apparatus had been passed in review. "The lights, Mary," came a voice down the stairs, and the gloom is dispelled by little incandescent lamps, which shone from cozy nooks and gleamed softly everywhere through the house.

THE ITEM

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 8, 1895.

AN APPALLING DISASTER

The German Steamer Elbe Sunk by Collision.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The North German Lloyd steamer Elbe, Captain Von Gossel, which left on Tuesday for New York via Southampton, has been sunk in collision with the British steamer Crathie, bound from Rotterdam for Aberdeen. At the time of sending this dispatch, the exact loss of life is unknown, but reports say it was enormous. The disaster occurred before daylight yesterday at a point some thirty miles from the Hook of Holland. Later it was learned that the Crathie, the steamer that sunk the Elbe, had put into Maas Luis, Holland, in a damaged condition.

From the details now at hand it is ascertained that the Elbe was proceeding along at her usual rate of speed and keeping the ordinary lookouts. The night was dark, but there was no gale. Suddenly the forward lookout on the Elbe reported to the officer on deck that the lights of a steamer were close aboard over the port bow. Before the course of the Elbe could be changed the approaching steamer struck her just abaft the engine rooms, going through her plates as though they were pasteboard and sticking her nose almost completely through the hull of the Elbe. For a time the Crathie held the Elbe on her nose, but then her engines were reversed and she backed out of the aperture she had made. As she did so the water rushed into the Elbe in a torrent, and she began immediately to settle.

The officer in charge of the ship at once saw that she was doomed, and gave hurried orders to clear away the lifeboats for launching. Three of the boats were cleared, swung outboard on the davits and lowered, but one of them, shortly after it got clear of the steamer, capsized, and it is thought that all of its occupants were drowned. The first boat contained the third officer, chief engineer, purser and seventeen others. These persons were picked up by a fishing smack and taken to Lowestoft, one of England's chief fishing ports.

From the survivors it is learned that as soon as the Crathie backed away from the Elbe the rushing water flooded the steamer aft of the engine room, so quickly that nobody below decks in that part of the ship had an opportunity to escape. The shock of the collision was apparently slight in view of the damage done, but this is explained by the fact that it was a direct cutting blow. Nearly all the passengers were asleep at the time, but many of them were awakened by the shock.

They could hear the rush of the rapidly inflowing water, and with cries of terror sought to make their way to the upper deck. The steamer being loaded by the stern, the water naturally rushed aft, and this allowed many of the passengers forward to reach the deck. In the case of the saloon passengers, however, the result was fatal. As they rushed from their state rooms into the saloon they were met by the torrent, against which it was impossible for them to make headway. They were caught up and swept aft toward the cockpit, where they were probably drowned before the ship foundered.

Altogether about fifty of the passengers reached the deck, where the wildest confusion existed. Wild rushes were made for the boats, but the terrible excitement prevailing impeded the efforts of those who were trying to clear them away. Many heartrending scenes were witnessed between parents and children.

Barely twenty minutes elapsed between the collision and the sinking of the steamer. A heavy sea was running, and the wind, which was from the east south-east, was bitterly cold.

The small boat containing the survivors tossed about until 11 o'clock in the morning. Several vessels were sighted in the meantime, but they made no replies to the signals that were set. The survivors were nearly frozen, having hardly any clothing, and their sufferings were intense.

Eventually the fishing smack Wildflower saw the signals and bore down on the boat. In a short time the survivors were taken aboard of her, where everything possible was done for their comfort.

Following is a corrected list of the survivors: Cabin passengers Karl Hoffman, Eugene Schlegel, John Verera and Anna Boecker, and steerage passenger Bothen, Chief Engineer A. Neussel, Third Officer Stollberg, Purser Wefer, Herr Dehart, a Bremen harbor pilot; Robert Greenham, an English pilot, and ten of the crew. They arrived at Lowestoft at 5:30 yesterday afternoon.

The Elbe was a four masted, iron, screw steamer, 420 feet long, 45 feet beam and 33 feet, 6 inches depth of hold. Her tonnage was 2,810 net and 4,510 gross.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The revised list of passengers on the wrecked steamer Elbe, issued by the home office of the North German Lloyd company at Bremen, shows that when she left Bremen harbor the steamer had on board: First and second cabin passengers, 60; steerage passengers, 143; officers and crew, 102; pilots, 2; saved, 20. Missing, 334.

ROTTERDAM, Feb. 1.—Captain Gordon, of the steamer Crathie, which ran down the Elbe, said in an interview: "After the collision we turned to the spot where it occurred, or at least we tried to make out, but we were unable to see any signs of the steamer, which we thought had proceeded on her voyage. We waited for two hours, and then proceeded to Maas Luis."

Edwin Booth's Estate.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—A motion to pass on the account of the estate of the late Edwin Booth came up before Surrogate Fitzgerald and the order will be signed. The estate now amounts to \$672,023, after legacies to the amount of \$110,000 have been paid out.

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—Flour week: winter super., \$2.72 1/2; do. extras, \$2.20 1/2; No. 2 winter family, \$2.40 1/2; No. 3 winter family, \$2.30 1/2; No. 4 winter family, \$2.20 1/2; No. 5 winter family, \$2.10 1/2; No. 6 winter family, \$2.00 1/2; No. 7 winter family, \$1.90 1/2; No. 8 winter family, \$1.80 1/2; No. 9 winter family, \$1.70 1/2; No. 10 winter family, \$1.60 1/2; No. 11 winter family, \$1.50 1/2; No. 12 winter family, \$1.40 1/2; No. 13 winter family, \$1.30 1/2; No. 14 winter family, \$1.20 1/2; No. 15 winter family, \$1.10 1/2; No. 16 winter family, \$1.00 1/2; No. 17 winter family, \$0.90 1/2; No. 18 winter family, \$0.80 1/2; No. 19 winter family, \$0.70 1/2; No. 20 winter family, \$0.60 1/2; No. 21 winter family, \$0.50 1/2; No. 22 winter family, \$0.40 1/2; No. 23 winter family, \$0.30 1/2; No. 24 winter family, \$0.20 1/2; No. 25 winter family, \$0.10 1/2; No. 26 winter family, \$0.00 1/2; No. 27 winter family, \$0.00 1/2; No. 28 winter family, \$0.00 1/2; No. 29 winter family, \$0.00 1/2; 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Adams county is cor-
rected due said county
of Esq., Treasurer, of
and and Ninety-nine
cents (\$2,899.83) and the
in thousand Eighty-
five (\$11,081.95).
We hereunto set our
signatures on this 8th

[SEAL]
[SEAL]
[SEAL]
County Auditors.

95.

NEW OXFORD ITEM---Supplement.

Receipts and Expenditures

ADAMS COUNTY

1894.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective counties to publish a statement of the Receipts and Expenditures, yearly, we, the Commissioners of Adams County, do report as follows, to wit: from the first day of January, A. D., 1891, to the seventh day of January, A. D., 1895.

JOHN A. MENEHEY, Esq., Treasurer, and the Commissioners, in account with the County of Adams, as follows:

1891 DR.
To balance at last settlement.....\$ 3 15
Outstanding taxes for 1893..... 9143 81
County and State Rates and Levies for 1894.

	Dog tax.	Co. tax.	State tax.
Bendersville bor.....	\$10 40	\$257 66	\$139 08
Berwick bor.....	6 40	366 52	691 87
Berwick twp.....	15 20	778 48	193 47
Butler.....	41 20	1602 20	207 29
Conowago.....	23 40	1816 89	175 62
Cumberland.....	41 60	2141 07	239 38
East Berlin.....	6 60	770 16	515 98
Franklin.....	54 80	2600 72	924 27
Freedom.....	15 80	724 95	139 05
Germany.....	25 00	1180 31	252 98
Gettysburg, 1st ward.....	8 00	1327 49	941 96
" 2d ward.....	10 00	1188 94	635 46
" 3d ward.....	14 60	793 47	132 88
Hamilton.....	19 20	1334 17	70 28
Hamiltonban.....	33 80	2064 60	203 35
Highland.....	12 60	760 95	156 94
Huntington.....	45 20	1927 18	220 78
Latimore.....	30 80	1773 68	110 84
Liberty.....	19 20	1011 02	148 95
Littlestown.....	8 60	808 55	543 42
Mesherystown.....	10 60	754 92	183 48
Menallen.....	55 20	1551 05	188 67
Mountjoy.....	36 20	1876 49	216 22
Mountpleasant.....	41 60	2343 76	461 22
New Oxford bor.....	7 40	815 49	416 18
Oxford twp.....	22 40	1468 56	130 14
Reading.....	42 80	1912 39	211 40
Straban.....	16 60	2348 35	247 12
Tyrone.....	28 00	1365 28	146 68
Union.....	25 20	1962 77	259 45
York Springs.....	8 00	379 08	87 43

Total County tax.....	\$42248 49
" State ".....	9178 81
" Dog ".....	766 40
Loan on bond.....	2000 00
Temporary loans during year.....	14000 00
Costs and fine from Geo. W. King.....	62 65
" " " And. Kefler.....	29 63
" " " Christian Deardorff.....	510 64
" from Lewis E. Kummerant.....	22 33
Forfeited recognizance of E. M. Richards.....	615 99
Sale of old lumber.....	70
Additional tax for 1891.....	5 00
" " " 1893.....	222 54
Cash for Liquor Licenses.....	4500 00
Sale of grates to Geo. E. Stock.....	2 00
Rent from Building Association.....	40 00
3/4 State tax for 1891 refunded by State.....	6815 26
Percentage for 1891.....	532 51

The outstanding taxes are in the hands of the following Collectors:

Samuel Meals, Bendersville bor.....	\$ 89 33
Jacob J. Wolf, Berwick bor.....	36 30
Abraham Thoman, Berwick twp.....	185 97
Jacob quickel, Butler twp.....	568 75
John B. Wilsham, Conowago twp.....	496 18
Joseph H. Wierman, Cumberland twp.....	632 35
John Miller, East Berlin bor.....	133 94
John E. Hartman, Franklin twp.....	1216 26
A. F. White, Freedom twp.....	259 62
James E. Bowers, Germany twp.....	244 62
Wm. H. Froek, Gettysburg bor.....	689 92
Charles Baugher, Hamilton twp.....	109 72
James A. Currens, Hamiltonban twp.....	789 09
G. W. Irwin, Highland twp.....	152 02
Jacob B. Millar, Huntington twp.....	838 81
Geo. A. Wolf, Latimore twp.....	342 77
Geo. J. Zimmerman, Liberty twp.....	285 39
Jacob Simpson, Littlestown bor.....	178 22
John Busby, Mesherystown bor.....	352 65
H. P. Cashman, Menallen twp.....	529 59
Reuben Schwartz, Mountjoy twp.....	613 16
Israel Slusser, Mountpleasant twp.....	594 60
E. C. Bond, New Oxford bor.....	59 70
Henry Rinehart, Oxford twp.....	167 07
Emanuel Chronister, Reading twp.....	291 85
J. C. Liversperger, Straban twp.....	697 69
Samuel Eckenrode, Tyrone twp.....	258 44
John A. Green, Union twp.....	81 34
W. F. Sadler, York Springs bor.....	156 56

CR.
By vouchers paid as follows:

Bendersville bor., portion Liquor License.....	\$ 120 00
Berwick.....	240 00
Butler township.....	60 00
Cumberland twp.....	60 00
East Berlin bor.....	360 00
Franklin twp.....	120 00
Gettysburg bor.....	960 00
Hamiltonban twp.....	60 00
Littlestown bor.....	240 00
Mesherystown bor.....	480 00
Mountpleasant twp.....	120 00
New Oxford bor.....	240 00
Reading twp.....	60 00
York Springs bor.....	240 00
Wm. F. Murphy's sons blank and dockets.....	124 50
Discount and interest paid.....	1611 69
Dr. C. E. Goldsborough, services in autopsy on body of Hon. D. G. Donohue.....	50 00

Dr. J. R. Dickson, services in autopsy on body of Hon. D. G. Donohue.....	50 00
Dr. D. H. Melhorn, services in autopsy on body of Hon. D. G. Donohue.....	50 00
C. J. Spalding, hack hire in Heist and Wagonman cases.....	19 50
F. M. Timmins, making key.....	25
F. B. Slonaker, watchman at jail.....	21 25
Theo. F. Hawkins.....	17 50
C. H. Comfort, erecting scaffold for Heist execution.....	10 00
County Auditors' pay.....	152 10
C. S. Duncan, Esq., Dist. Attorney's fees.....	278 00
J. H. Plank, assisting at Heist execution.....	14 80
L. A. E. McCreary, quit rent.....	1 00
C. W. Stoner, Esq., Auditing public offices.....	19 50
Charles Kappes, cap for Heist.....	1 25
Appropriations to Adams Co. Agricultural Society.....	26 50
Marlett Mun. Co., ballot boxes.....	7 00
Harvey A. Scott, reward in Heist case.....	50 00
J. W. Garlach, coffin for Heist.....	20 00
J. C. Neely, Esq., services in forfeited recognizance.....	30 00

Express charges.....	85
Wm. Harman, services in Donohue case.....	7 00
Wm. P. Quimby, qualifying Co. Com.....	75
Keeping inmates at State Lunatic Hospital.....	91 00
Keeping inmates at Industrial Reformatory.....	44 55
Geo. W. Shafer, repairing booth.....	1 00
Dr. C. E. Eckenrode, extracting teeth for prisoners.....	1 00

John W. Stewart's sons, enrollment book.....	9 50
Jury (Commissioners' pay).....	64 98
Postage.....	27 95
L. Y. Diller, assisting at Heist execution.....	2 00
C. H. Wilson.....	2 00
S. J. Collier, 1 dozen binding cases.....	6 00
Water rent from Apr. 1, '94 to Apr. 1, '95.....	15 00
J. Edw. Wible, blank books.....	87 64
Wm. P. Quimby, Esq., office supplies.....	6 85
1 copy Wadlinger on costs.....	5 00
Pay of deputies at Heist execution.....	40 24
Pay of jury at Heist execution.....	23 01
John R. Scott, Esq., fee in recognizance case.....	10 00

Wm. H. Tipton, photographing prisoners.....	6 00
Fare for Mary Helman from Home of the Good Shepherd.....	5 00
Elmer Kepner, digging grave for Heist.....	4 75
Geo. A. McTellan, police services.....	10 00
L. Y. Diller.....	10 00
Charles Peifer, cleaning cesspool.....	4 00
Costs in Heist investigation.....	21 38
John R. Scott, Esq., salary as counsel.....	125 00
John R. Hamilton, trimming trees.....	3 50
Dr. T. T. Tate, Physician to Jail.....	30 00
" " services in Heist execution.....	5 00
J. A. Good, rescuing chairs.....	3 00
Tombstones for indigent soldiers.....	75 00
O. D. McMillan, surveying in Schlosser case.....	25 00

E. P. Sachs, salary as clerk.....	900 00
" " transcribing judgment records.....	75 00
Wm. Mann Co., Medical Record book.....	9 75
Telegram.....	35
Dr. J. R. Dickson, prof. services in Wagonman case.....	24 50
H. I. Smith, subscription to New Oxford Item.....	1 00
J. M. Minigh, ice for Court House.....	17 75
State tax for 1891.....	9178 80
W. K. Caldwell, janitor's salary.....	265 00
E. L. Tawney, mason work at Court House.....	1 00
Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, services in Trimmer case.....	14 00

Burial of indigent soldiers.....	277 50
John K. McIlhenny, watchman at jail.....	10 00
Return judges pay and mileage.....	46 50
Prof. J. W. Thoman, holding Co. Institute.....	200 00
Wm. Baker, painting.....	1 00
O. D. McMillan, surveying in Wagonman case.....	70 00
John Culp, work at Library.....	2 00
Keeping prisoners at E. Penitentiary.....	502 28
Temporary loans paid during year.....	15500 00
Almshouse.....	14700 00
Geo. Meekley, Esq., Prothonotary's fees.....	140 66
" " certifying judgments.....	149 20
E. M. Bender, Esq., Clerk of Court's fees.....	467 67
J. A. Blauser, quarter sessions docket.....	18 00
Premiums and Justices' fees on wild cat, fox and mink scalps.....	481 75
Crook, Horner & Co., automatic valves.....	4 25
L. M. Buchler, stationery.....	82 59
W. B. McIlhenny, execution of Heist.....	24 75
" " making official count.....	5 00
W. K. Caldwell, extra services.....	10 00
J. Louis Sowers, Reg. & Rec. fees.....	11 82
" " certifying mortgages.....	25 70
" " making official count.....	5 00
State tax on bonded indebtedness.....	64 59

Assessors' pay in Registry, &c.....	\$844 50
" " " Dec.....	747 00
" " " military enrollment.....	144 42
Assessors' pay in Registry of births.....	38 60
Assessors' pay in Registry of deaths.....	23 15

Summary Convictions and Dismissed Cases.....	\$ 1797 67
Geo. M. Walter, Esq., et al costs.....	\$ 185 25
John L. Hill, Esq., et al costs.....	3 55
W. H. Deatrick, Esq., et al costs.....	10 45

Directors' Pay.....	\$ 199 25
Joseph Sheely, Esq., salary.....	\$ 100 00
" " traveling ex.....	45 00
John C. Group, Esq., salary.....	100 00
" " traveling ex.....	58 50
Adam Keiling, Esq., salary.....	100 00
" " traveling ex.....	43 50

Advertising and Printing.....	\$ 477 01
Buchler & Co., advertising and job printing.....	228 00
D. B. Allenman, advertising and job printing.....	163 25
Thomas J. Stahl, advertising.....	92 92

Court Expenses.....	\$ 1928 32
General jury pay.....	576 46
Grand.....	398 80
Court officers' ".....	342 02
Constables' ".....	213 55
Court stenographer.....	

Miller Bros., boarding jury.....	\$4 00
J. O. McCavitt, ".....	28 00
Commonwealth costs.....	1233 59

Boarding Prisoners, &c.....	\$ 4804 74
Wm. B. McIlhenny, boarding prisoners and turnkeys.....	\$ 1006 75
Washing and mending for prisoners.....	171 98
Conveying prisoners to E. Penitentiary.....	235 75
Conveying C. Smith to Balto. and passage to Europe.....	57 30
Conveying Nanetta Osborn to House of Refuge.....	44 35
Drawing and summoning Jurors.....	97 25
Commonwealth costs.....	111 27
Reports to Board of Public charities.....	42 50
Posting election proclamations.....	235 00
Gas for Jail.....	121 50

Elections.....	\$ 2123 65
Spring election officers' pay.....	\$ 840 60
General ".....	897 50
Buchler & Co., ballots for Spring election.....	448 13
Buchler & Co., ballots for General election.....	225 00
D. B. Allenman, ballots for Spring election of 1893.....	53 45

Commissioners' Pay.....	\$ 2464 68
Geo. D. Baschoar, Esq., 97 days as Com., @ \$3.50.....	\$ 339 50
Geo. D. Baschoar, Esq., traveling expenses.....	145 50
C. H. Beamer, Esq., 100 days as Com., @ \$3.50.....	350 00
C. H. Beamer, Esq., traveling expenses.....	150 00
W. A. Sell, Esq., 98 days as Com., @ \$3.50.....	343 00
W. A. Sell, Esq., traveling exps.,.....	147 00

Merchandise.....	\$ 1475 00
John R. Stine & Son.....	52 25
W. S. Schroeder.....	6 25
T. O. Feeser.....	7 50
Daugherty & Hartley.....	7 00
Skelly & Warner.....	34 03
Comfort & Tipton.....	27 37
Mumper & Son.....	4 75
C. H. Buehler.....	25 12
Wm. J. Martin.....	6 96
A. M. Warner.....	5 15
C. B. Kitzmiller.....	4 50
J. Geo. Wolf's Sons.....	36 59
John M. Huber.....	4 49
Abia Smucker.....	1 60

Road Damages.....	\$ 223 56
Emory Coshun.....	\$ 12 00
John Kuhn.....	60 00
James F. Rider.....	19 75
Leah Thomas.....	12 00
Edwin Heltzel.....	15 00
F. J. Dunn.....	10 00
Geo. Bupp.....	15 00
Wm. Wampler.....	3 00
John R. Bittinger.....	35 00

Inquests.....	\$ 181 75
Wm. Yount, Esq., inquest on body of unknown man.....	\$ 16 82

Bridges, Bridge Repairs, &c.....	\$ 16 82
Nelson & Buchanan, part pay on Marsh Creek bridge.....	\$ 2324 50
Reuben F. Duttra, repairs.....	25 33
J. H. Bohn, agt., ".....	3 05
Wm. A. Currens, ".....	4 00
Theo. F. Froek, ".....	4 15
Eljah Baker, ".....	36 00
Harry Fohl, ".....	136 87
Jos. E. Bowers, ".....	5 20
John Manherzt, ".....	17 65
J. H. Naylor, ".....	14 50
James Devine, ".....	45 00
J. C. Smith, ".....	9 80
C. E. Wieth, ".....	21 00
Jacob Markle, ".....	21 50
Wm. B. Feeser, ".....	1 35
Wm. H. Stouffer, filling.....	1 00
J. A. Deardorff, ".....	20 00
J. C. Liversperger, ".....	2 00
J. C. Herbst, ".....	1 50
Elcott Lower, ".....	1 00
Henry Smelser, ".....	1 00
Henry Miller, ".....	1 00
Barnhart Spangler, ".....	1 00
R. S. Bream, ".....	2 75
Aaron Heikes, ".....	1 00
W. B. McNair, stone.....	75
W. G. Leas, lumber.....	11 52
A. J. Koser & Son, lumber.....	7 48

Sheep Damages.....	\$ 2721 90
J. A. H. Rether, Butler twp.....	\$ 15 50
David Lott, Cumberland twp.....	6 00
Lincoln Witherow, ".....	5 50
Charles Howard, ".....	11 00
N. A. Redding, Freedom twp.....	10 75
Geo. A. Reeve, ".....	5 25
Hanson Ecker, ".....	5 25
E. W. Schriver, Freedom twp.....	8 00
R. H. Myers, Hamiltonban twp.....	8 00
H. B. Beard, Highland twp.....	8 00
Lewis Kane, ".....	8 00
H. J. Hartman, Mountjoy twp.....	20 00
G. W. Hartman, ".....	39 00
Henry Wherley, ".....	6 25
C. C. Collins, ".....	6 00
J. A. Hunkey, ".....	5 75
Geo. Nell, Reading twp.....	10 66

Public Buildings.....	\$ 176 91
J. J. Smith, extra on Almshouse contract of 1893.....	\$ 428 75
J. J. Smith, balance on Almshouse contract of 1893.....	2075 00
R. D. Armor & Son, plumbing, Almshouse contract of 1893.....	336 55
R. D. Armor & Son, plumbing, Almshouse contract of 1893.....	21 08
J. W. Garlach, office chairs.....	30 00
Isaac Kauffman, wood for Court House.....	4 80
J. Warren Gilbert, work at Jail.....	6 50
Wm. A. Martin, lumber for election house.....	16 53

Wm. A. Martin, wood for Jail.....	7 00
J. W. Garlach, desk for Sheriff's office.....	50 00
J. J. Smith, repairs at Jail.....	7 00
F. B. Slonaker, painting at Jail.....	10 70
W. Oyler & Bro., coal for Court House and Jail.....	358 99
Wm. Bushman, glazing at Court House.....	1 50
A. J. Koser & Son, material for election house.....	23 50
H. C. Pickering, Esq., insurance.....	45 00
H. F. Slonaker, painting in Court House.....	3 25
Peter Culp, work at Jail.....	9 10
Theo. H. Homan, shoemaking at Jail.....	5 05
Samuel Heek, whitewashing at Jail.....	7 65
Geo. Fleming, work at Jail.....	10 12
M. S. Ecker, boxes for Clerk of Court's office.....	2 88
Wm. Kappes, work at Jail.....	10 00
Gas for Court House.....	61 98

Collectors' fees for 1893.....	427 14
Exonerations ".....	809 33
Collectors' fees for 1894.....	1072 10
Abatements ".....	1592 15
Outstanding tax ".....	10698 96
" dog tax for 1894.....	382 99
Disbursements on county orders.....	71093 27
County Treasurer's fees on State and county orders.....	1685 54
Outstanding tax E. Berlin bor. for 1893.....	38 63
Balance in hands of Treasurer.....	2899 83

Statement of Liabilities and Assets.....	\$27817 24
LIABILITIES.....	
Bonds 5 per cent.....	\$16817 24
Temporary loans 5 per cent.....	11000 00
ASSETS.....	
Outstanding tax.....	\$11081 95
Balance in Treasury.....	2899 83
Net county indebtedness.....	\$13835 46

In testimony of that the foregoing statement of the Receipts and Expenditures exhibited at the office of the Treasurer of said County is a correct and true copy as taken from and compared with the original remaining in the Books at this office, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the seal of said office at Gettysburg, the 19th day of January, A. D., 1895.

Attest:
E. P. SACHS, Clerk. Feb. 5, '95-1

Wm. A. Martin, wood for Jail.....	7 00
J. W. Garlach, desk for Sheriff's office.....	50 00
J. J. Smith, repairs at Jail.....	7 70
F. B. Slonaker, painting at Jail.....	10 00
W. Oyler & Bro., coal for Court House and Jail.....	358 99
Wm. Bushman, glazing at Court House.....	1 50
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